## **BULKY DOCUMENTS**

(exceeds 300 pages)

Proceeding/Serial No: 91161373

**Filed:** 12-07-2006

**Title:** Opposer's Notice of Filing of Testimony

Deposition

Part 4 of 4

Page 1

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE BEFORE THE TRADEMARK TRIAL AND APPEAL BOARD

AMERICAN ITALIAN PASTA COMPANY,

Applicant,

vs.

Opposition No. 91-161,373

BARILLA G. E. R. FRATELLI-SOCIETA PER AZIONI,

Opposer.

DEPOSITION OF

ANN WILLOUGHBY

November 3, 2006 3:10 p.m.

Law Offices of Hovey Williams LLP 2405 Grand Boulevard Kansas City, Missouri

Bobbi J. Pyle, Certified Court Reporter for the State of Missouri

	Page 2
1	APPEARANCES
2	•
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12	CHERYL L. BURBACH, ESQUIRE
13	2405 Grand Boulevard, Ste. 400
14	Kansas City, MO 64108-2519
15	•
16	ALSO PRESENT:
17	MS. KATIE GRAY
18	•
19	•
20	•
21	•
22	•
23	•
24	•
25	•

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STIPULATIONS

IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED AND AGREED by and between counsel for the applicant and counsel for the opposer that this deposition may be taken in stenographic shorthand by Bobbi J. Pyle, Certified Court Reporter, and afterwards reduced into typewriting.

by and between the parties that presentment to the attorneys of record of a copy of this deposition shall be considered submission to the witness for signature within the meaning of the Trial Procedure and Introduction of Evidence 703.01(j) -- 37 CFR 2.123(e)(5); but shall in no way be considered as a waiver of the witness's signature, to be signed by the witness at any time before or at the trial of this case, and if not signed by the time of trial it may be used as if signed.

IT IS FURTHER STIPULATED AND AGREED between counsel for the respective parties hereto that the deposition of the witness may be signed before a notary public.

	Page 4
1	Deposition of Ann Willoughby
2	November 3, 2006
3	PROCEEDINGS
4	(The proceedings were scheduled to
5	begin at 2:00 p.m. Proceedings actually
6	began at 3:10 p.m.)
7	ANN WILLOUGHBY, of lawful age,
8	being first duly sworn to tell the truth, the
9	whole truth, and nothing but the truth,
10	deposes and says on behalf of the opposer, as
11	follows:
12	THE REPORTER: Do you solemnly
13	swear that the testimony you are about to
14	give in the cause pending will be the truth,
15	the whole truth, and nothing but the truth?
16	THE WITNESS: I do.
17	DIRECT EXAMINATION
18	BY-MS.BURBACH:
19	Q. Would you please state your name
20	for the record?
21	A. Ann Willoughby.
22	Q. Ann, have you ever been deposed
23	before?
24	A. Yes.
25	Q. More than once?
ł	

	Page 5
1	A. Once or twice.
2	Q. Okay. I'll just go over a few
3	ground rules that you're probably aware of,
4	but just to refresh your memory.
5	I would ask that you let me
6	complete questions before you answer.
7	A. Okay.
8	Q. Refrain from saying "um-hum" or
9	shrugging. Make sure you say "yes" or "no"
10	A. Okay.
11	Qso the court reporter can take
12	it down. It's important that we don't try
13	to speak over each other.
14	A. Okay.
15	Q. So try to do that. And you
16	understand you're required to tell the truth,
17	you're speaking under oath?
18	A. Yes.
19	Q. And this would be as if you were
20	testifying at a trial?
21	A. Yes.
22	Q. I want to ensure you understand
23	the question so if at any point you don't
24	understand my question, feel free to ask me
25	to clarify.

	Page 6
1	And lastly, if you need a break,
2	just let me know and we'll take a break.
3	A. Okay.
4	Q. All right. Have you used any
5	other names other than Ann Willoughby?
6	A. I've used Ann Willoughby Beresford
7	before.
8	Q. Will you spell that?
9	A. Yes. B-e-r-e-s-f-o-r-d.
10	Q. And could you give us your
11	address?
12	A. Yes. 1025 West 60th Terrace,
13	Kansas City, Missouri 64113.
14	Q. At this point, I want to go
15	through your education.
16	A. Okay.
17	Q. Where and when did you graduate
18	high school?
19	A. I graduated in 1964 in Jackson,
20	Mississippi.
21	Q. And where did you You went to
22	college afterwards, I assume?
23	A. Yes, um-hum.
24	Q. Where did you go?
25	A. University of Southern Mississippi

	Page 7
1	in Hattiesburg.
2	Q. And did you receive a degree from
3	there?
4	A. I did, BSA in design and fine
5	arts.
6	Q. Do you have any other degrees?
7	A. No.
8	Q. Do you have any other classes or
9	education you've taken since then?
10	A. No, but I've taught.
11	Q. Tell me about that.
12	A. I've taught at the University of
13	Kansas and I've taught
14	Q. What did you teach there?
15	A. I taught design.
16	Q. And when did you do that?
17	A. I did that from 1980 to 1986.
18	And I've taught courses all around the
19	country, but, like, at the Art Institute and
20	things like that, like, seminars or maybe a
21	five-week course.
22	Q. And you said it was a bachelor's
23	of fine arts, right?
24	A. Yes.
25	Q. Okay. After you graduated
1	

Page 8 1 we'll go through your employment history now. 2 Α. Okay. 3 So if you would tell me where you 0. began working after you graduated from college up to the present day. Okay. Well, actually when I was Α. 7 in college, I ran an advertising department 8 for a department store in Hattiesburg for 9 three years. 10 When I graduated, I came to Kansas 11 City and I started working at Macy's in their 12 advertising department doing merchandising and 13 design and fashion illustration, you know, 14 basically my background. 15 And after that, I started my own 16 business. So that would have been in 1965, 17 0. 18 approximately; is that right? 19 I graduated from high school in Α. 20 '64 and from college in '69. 21 Okay. And so you worked at Macy's 0. 22 in '69? Oh, it was probably '69, '70-ish, 23 Α. you know, until, like, '71 or so. 24 25 Okay. And then you started a Q.

	Page 0
1	Page 9
_	company?
2	A. In about '72, yes.
3	Q. What was the name of that company?
4	A. I was freelancing I had
5	children Ann Willoughby Design, but then I
6	officially started my company in 1978.
7	Q. Is that where you've been ever
8	since?
9	A. Yes, sir yes, ma'am.
10	Q. What's your title with the company?
11	A. I'm the CEO and creative director.
12	Q. And have you had any other titles
13	there since the company has been formed?
14	A. Well, no.
15	Q. How many employees does your
16	company currently have?
17	A. We have 19.
18	Q. Are you a member of any
19	professional organizations?
20	A. Yes. I'm a former national board
21	member of the AIGA, which is the professional
22	association for design in the U.S.
23	I'm now on the AIGA center for
24	brand design.
25	I'm on the center for sustainable

	Page 10
1	design.
2	I'm an advisory board member,
3	chair, of the AIGA here.
4	And I'm an editorial board person
5	on a couple magazines. HOW Magazine is one
6	and it's one of the AIGA magazines.
7	(Deposition Exhibit-95 was marked
8	by Ms. Burbach for identification.)
9	Q. (By Ms. Burbach) Okay. I'm going
10	to hand you what's been marked as Exhibit 95.
11	A. Okay.
12	Q. I know opposing counsel already has
13	a copy. This will help us both go through
14	it.
15	You said you were on the AIGA
16	national board of directors?
17	A. I'm a former.
18	Q. Former?
19	A. Yeah. I just went off the board
20	last year.
21	Q. Okay. Can you identify what
22	Exhibit 95 is by the way?
23	A. You mean this?
24	Q. Um-hum.
25	A. It's American Italian Pasta
I	

Page 11 1 No, no, I mean the title. 0. is this document I handed you? 3 Α. This is basically my r, sum,. That's what I would call it. When you were on the board of directors at AIGA, what were your 7 responsibilities on the board? Well, I did a few things. 9 chaired a design and business conference in 10 New York two years ago and I helped start a 11 design program at the Harvard Business School 12 for designers. 13 And several other things, but those 14 are the two big initiatives I was in charge 15 of. 16 Did you say you were currently on 0. 17 the national board center for brand 18 experience? 19 Yeah, brand experience. Α. 20 And what is that? 0. 21 It's a board, a national board Α. that reaches across different disciplines and 22 we help educate companies and educators and 23 24 professionals about branding. 25 Okay. And the AIGA center for Q.

Page 12 1 sustainable design, can you tell me what that 2 is? 3 Well, that's a new board that I'm Α. on, because I really believe in sustainability and I'm working with a lot of big companies now about how they talk about sustainability, 7 companies like HP and Harmon Miller, Monterey Bay Aquarium, companies like that. 9 And you said you were on the 10 editorial board of a couple magazines? HOW Magazine. 11 Α. 12 What is HOW Magazine? Ο. 13 HOW Magazine is a design trade Α. publication marketed to designers. 14 What are your responsibilities? 15 Q. Look at articles, help guide with 16 editorial content, find designers to be in 17 the magazine, things like that. 18 Occasionally I will write something 19 20 for them. Okay. I notice in your r, sum, it 21 Ο. says you're associated with the Kansas City 22 23 Ad Club? 24 I'm a member. Α. And what is the Kansas City Ad 25 Q.

Page 13 1 Club? 2 Basically it's an association of Α. 3 advertising professionals in the city and it's networked all across the country. 5 Have you published any articles? I've written a few. I write Α. probably one every year or so for, like, a magazine like CA, which is Communication Arts. Okay. Ο. 10 And I also -- I think I've written 11 a couple for Ingram's or for magazines here 12 in Kansas City, just once in a while if I'm 13 asked to do so. 14 I notice on the second page 0. through the -- it looks like four pages in, 15 there are a number of awards on there. 16 17 Α. Right. I won't ask you to go through all 18 Q. 19 of them, but can you tell me what these 20 awards are? 21 Well, it's a variety of things. Often I'm a judge for these competitions and 22 23 sometimes -- we usually don't judge the things that we are entering, but our company 24 has won a lot of awards for design. 25

Page 14 1 And I'm very involved in the AIGA and some of the local design awards, just 3 really kind of helping them guide what should be rewarded, not just good design, but what's 5 good strategy and things like that. Who usually gives these awards? 7 Well, it depends. Sometimes Α. they're given by magazines, like, Communication 9 Arts. 10 HOW has one. AIGA probably has 11 the most prestigious in the country. 12 And there are, you know, the 13 Advertising Federation which is here in Kansas 14 City, they give them. They have Omni's, and 15 there's several others. Q. Are you nominated for an award, is 16 17 that how you receive them usually? Some cases you're nominated and 18 Α. 19 some cases you enter. 20 Who nominates, typically? 0. Well, it depends on what it's for. 21 22 Like, I was nominated last year to be an 23 AIGA design fellow and you don't nominate 24 yourself for that, other people do. And then 25 I was selected.

Page 15 1 Sometimes they ask you -- they'll call and say, "Would you please enter a 3 certain book you designed? We think it will be well received, " and I do, and it wins. Sometimes I'm invited and sometimes we just enter. 7 What's an AIGA fellow? 0. Well, should be a "fellowette" or 9 some-thing, right? 10 It is an award given to designers across the country in major cities who are outstanding. And there's probably 30 right 12 now around the country, something like that. 13 14 So do your peers nominate you, Q. 15 then? 16 Yes, yes, nominated by peers. Α. 17 What it means is that you've done something nationally and also in the community 18 to advance design and design thinking. 19 20 Have you been an expert witness Ο. 21 before in a lawsuit? Α. Yes. 23 Can you tell me about that, what Q. 24 case it was? It was in June of 1994, I was an 25 Α.

Page 16 1 expert witness in the field of brand design on behalf of Luzier. It was in the case of Bath and Body Works vs. Luzier. It was in the United States District Court for the Southern District of Ohio. 7 Q. Do you recall if that case involved a trademark infringement claim? A. Yes, it did. Q. And were you qualified as a 10 witness -- I mean, were you certified as a witness in that case? 12 13 A. Yes, yes. And I testified. Q. An expert witness, I should say. 14 15 A. Yes. O. Let's talk about your company a 16 17 little bit. A. Okay. 18 O. What does Willoughby Design Group 19 20 do? A. We're involved in branding and we 21 22 do two kinds of projects. We help start-ups, entrepreneurs, 23 small business people, like, Einstein Bagels, 24 25 we helped them start that.

Page 17

And we've helped a lot of companies, like, Three Dog Bakery start their business and we help them with their business plans, with their identity, with their environments. And we design those things.

And the other kind of companies we work with are large companies like Hallmark or Nestle's who have initiatives and they'll ask us to help with those.

They usually have something to do with innovation where they have a new product or -- recently we've been doing some new product development for Nestle's centered around nutrition, which is a big thing now.

We just help them develop strategies, the product concepts, the naming, the design of the bottles, things like that.

- Q. Do you also help re-design packaging or products?
- A. Yes. One of our largest clients for the past, I don't know, 10 or 15 years has been Interstate Brands.

We help them with all of the strategy on all of their brands, both their cakes and the bread brands. And we help --

Page 18 1 totally updating them every year, new strategies. I know last year we came out with some whole wheat white bread and some new 5 products. 6 Could you identify some of the 0. 7 brands that you're working on? 8 Baker's Inn is one. Wonder is Α. one. We do Dolly. We do Twinkies. We even worked on the Will Ferrell -- the design 10 of his outfit a little bit. 11 So we're involved in some of those 12 13 promotions, as well. Have you had other customers or 14 Ο. clients that you've worked with in the food 15 16 industry? We've done a little bit of work 17 with Frito Lay. We've done work with LPK 18 19 and P&G. We haven't worked for them in 20 probably several years, but we used to do a 21 22 lot of work with P&G. I think you touched on this a 23 24 little bit, but do you -- for these companies, do you consult with them regarding 25

Page 19 1 the packaging of their products? Α. Yes. 3 Q. Do you consult with them regarding shelf placement? 5 Α. I'm not sure--6 Like, in a grocery store or 0. 7 location? 8 Do you mean in terms of how their Α. 9 products are sold in or how they are 10 displayed on the shelf? 11 Well, you tell me the difference. Q. Okay. We're not involved in the 12 Α. 13 product placement because that's a whole 14 different thing figuring out the allotments 15 for your shelf space. 16 Although sometimes we do encourage companies to put their products together so 17 18 that they're not all spread out all across the store. Sometimes we'll do, like, an end 19 cap or something so that it really makes the 20 21 product -- the way it looks together, it 22 really reads a lot better. But normally what we do, though, 23 is when we design products for the shelf, we 24 make sure they really stand out and they're 25

Page 20

true to the brand and, you know, the identity, the information hierarchy, the icons, everything, you know, is fresh and it's easy to read and easy for consumers to see what's in it and how it works.

And sometimes we'll -- for example, right now bread manufacturers are starting to make smaller loaves of bread. I don't know if you've seen that or not. But now that means sometimes they stand up and set on their end.

So we have to, like, figure out how to design them so they work better for the consumer.

So we're constantly looking at new materials and new ways to package things so they're fresher and, you know, more appealing to the consumer.

- Q. How do you decide how to package something? What kind of -- do you use research or studies? What would you use to decide?
- A. We have a lot of suppliers we work with in the packaging industry and they're always calling on us and saying, "Have you

Page 21 1 seen this new container and have you thought 2 about this?" 3 And a lot of times our clients will -- like, P&G, for example, they have all their research labs and everything so they're very well informed, as well. 7 But if we're working with a new 8 company, we have to do all the research and 9 find everything and have it sourced. 10 We just did a big project where we 11 had to have, like, seven different kinds of bags made and they had to be made in the 12 13 orient and we had to go back and forth to make sure they were right. We do that when 14 15 we have to. 16 (Deposition Exhibit-93 was marked 17 by Ms. Burbach for identification.) (By Ms. Burbach) Okay. I'm going 18 0. to hand you what is marked as Exhibit 93. 19 I'm going a little bit out of 20 order here, but can you tell me what that 21 22 document is? A. This is a subpoena. 23 24 Q. Is this the subpoena that you 25 received in this case?

_		
		Page 22
	1	A. Yes, it is. Yes, it is.
	2	Q. And are you here testifying today
	3	on behalf or in response to the subpoena?
	4	A. Yes, I am.
	5	(Deposition Exhibit-94 was marked
	6	by Ms. Burbach for identification.)
	7	Q. (By Ms. Burbach) And I will also
l	8	hand you what is marked Exhibit 94. Do you
	9	recognize this document?
l	10	A. Yes. This is the notice of
	11	deposition.
	12	Q. Did you receive that?
l	13	A. Yes, I did.
١	14	Q. On the notice of deposition
	15	A. Um-hum.
	16	Qit says that the deposition was
	17	to take place on November 2, 2006. Do you
	18	see that?
	19	A. Commencing on November 2nd, yes.
	20	Q. Is it your understanding that we
	21	re-scheduled for today
	22	A. Yes.
	23	Qto assist opposing counsel with
	24	schedules?
	25	A. It was supposed to be at 2:00,

	Page 23
1	right?
2	Q. Right.
3	A. It didn't start until 3:15, okay.
4	Q. Yes, it didn't start at 10:30.
5	You understood it was supposed to be today
6	A. Right.
7	Qand we re-scheduled
8	A. We re-scheduled
9	Qto accommodate
10	Awhile I was here, yes.
11	Q. Okay. I just wanted to make sure.
12	And the subpoena also reflects November 2nd?
13	A. Yes.
14	Q. Have you prepared for this
15	deposition today?
16	A. Yes, I have.
17	Q. What have you done to prepare for
18	the deposition?
19	A. Well, what I did is I re-read the
20	case that I did earlier with American Italian
21	Pasta and then I went to the grocery store
22	and just really kind of spent some time in
23	the sections with the pasta, and I looked in
24	some other sections to look for similar, you
25	know, ideas just to refresh myself.
1	

	Page 24
1	Q. Okay. Let's
2	A. That's what I've done.
3	Qbreak it down a little bit. You
4	said you re-read the case that American
5	Italian Pasta was involved
6	A. Right. This was the puffery case
7	and I re-read everything that I had written
8	in that.
9	Q. Are you referring to the American
10	Italian Pasta Company vs. New World Pasta?
11	A. Yes, I am. That's exactly right.
12	It's over here. I read you that. This is
13	the one that I prepared.
14	Q. So is this the report you prepared
15	in that case?
16	A. Um-hum, right.
17	Q. Can you tell me what you recall
18	about that case, what was involved?
19	A. Yes. It was a case about
20	"America's Favorite Pasta" and it was about
21	puffery. It was about the statement.
22	Would you like for me to talk
23	about my conclusion?
24	Q. We'll get there. I just wanted to
25	make sure you
I	

	Page 25
1	A. Okay.
2	Q. And for the record, it was
3	American Italian Pasta vs
4	A. Well, I have it here. New World
5	Pasta, February 21, 2003.
6	Q. And it was pending before the
7	Western District of Missouri?
8	A. That's correct, yes.
9	Q. Okay. So you said you re-read
10	your report for that case?
11	A. Yes.
12	Q. You said you went to the grocery
13	store.
14	A. Yes, yesterday.
15	Q. Okay. Which grocery store did you
16	go to?
17	A. I went to Miner's in my
18	neighborhood. I think it's called the
19	Brookside Grocery Store, Miner's. Is that
20	what it's called now? It may not be.
21	Anyway, it's my local grocery store
22	that's in Brookside.
23	Q. Okay. And you said that you went
24	and visited the pasta aisle?
25	A. I visited the Pasta aisle and

<del></del>	
	Page 26
1	several other aisles to look for similar
2	cases.
3	Q. Did you observe any of Mueller's
4	pasta there?
5	A. It was not there.
6	Q. Did you witness any pasta sold by
7	Barilla's there?
8	A. It was not there.
9	Q. Okay. And before we go any
10	further, have you ever designed packaging for
11	American Italian Pasta Company?
12	A. No.
13	Q. Did you ever design packaging for
14	Best for the Mueller's brand for Best
15	Foods?
16	A. No.
17	Q. Have you ever worked for American
18	Italian Pasta Company?
19	A. No.
20	Q. Are you familiar with American
21	Italian Pasta Company's products?
22	A. A little bit.
23	Q. Are you familiar with the brand
24	sold under the name Mueller's?
25	A. Yes, I am.
ī .	

	Page 27
1	Q. How did you come to be aware of
2	that?
3	A. That happened when I did the case
4	in February of 2003.
5	(Deposition Exhibit-96 was marked
6	by Ms. Burbach for identification.)
7	Q. (By Ms. Burbach) I'm going to
8	hand you what's been marked as Exhibit 96.
9	A. Okay. Same one I have, right?
10	Q. Yes. And can you identify what
11	that is?
12	A. Yes, this was the report that I
13	filed.
14	Q. And I thought it might be simplest
15	for us to kind of go through it.
16	A. Okay.
17	Q. And feel free to take time to read
18	each paragraph as we go along.
19	A. Okay.
20	Q. Has anything changed in paragraphs
21	1 through 5 since the date that you signed
22	this report?
23	A. I'm just a little bit older is
24	all.
25	(Laughter.)
	l de la companya de

	Page 28
1	Q. (By Ms. Burbach) You already
2	testified about paragraphs 6 and 7.
3	Paragraph 8 states that your
4	compensation for your work in this matter is
5	at the rate of \$350 per hour. Has that
6	changed
7	A. No.
8	Qfor purposes of testifying
9	A. No.
10	Qon behalf of today?
11	A. No.
12	Q. In preparing for your deposition
13	today, did you review again the complaint
14	counterclaim motions or any of the documents
15	identified in paragraph 9?
16	A. I didn't review, like, the really
17	thick ones, but I reviewed this report is
18	what I reviewed.
19	Q. Okay. Paragraph 11 you visited
20	grocery chains in the Washington, D.C. area;
21	Easton, Maryland; Kansas City; and a
22	commissary in Leavenworth.
23	A. Yes.
24	Q. Do you recall that?
25	A. Yes, I do.
4	

Page 29 1 0. Do you recall when you went and 2 visited--3 It was probably within a couple Α. months of writing this report. 5 And in paragraph 12, you reviewed literature, promotions, advertising, and packaging developed by Mueller over the past 100 years? 9 Α. Yes, I did. 10 Is some of that summarized in the Ο. 11 attachments to this report? 12 Yes. There are some images. Α. 13 Let's move ahead to paragraph 15. Q. 14 Α. Okay. Could you read that for me? 15 Ο. 16 Yes. "It is my opinion that Α. Mueller uses the words 'America's Favorite 17 Pasta' as pure puffery. I will provide 18 examples and historical insight that shows 19 consumers not only know the difference between 20 puffery and fact, but also embrace puffery as 21 a shared cultural and emotional tradition of 22 23 commerce." Has your opinion changed at all 24 0. about that statement since the date you 25

	Page 30
1	signed this report?
2	A. No.
3	Q. And I guess we could probably save
4	some time here. Is there anything in this
5	report that you no longer agree with since
6	the date that you signed it?
7	A. No, I agree with everything.
8	Q. Let's go through the attachments.
9	A. Okay.
10	Q. I see the first attachment to this
11	report is your CV at the time.
12	A. Um-hum.
13	Q. And the second one is what is
14	that?
15	A. I'm not sure. I think it's just
16	a reprint of an article that I wrote for
17	I believe it was Ingram's, yes.
18	Q. And would you look at Exhibit A to
19	that report?
20	A. Yes.
21	Q. What is this?
22	A. These were photographs that we
23	took. I'm not sure exactly where, but it
24	may have been at the commissary in
25	Leavenworth or it may have been one that I

		Page 31
1		took when I was back on the east coast.
2		Q. Do you believe you took these
3		photographs in 2003?
4		A. I'm sure I would have then.
5		Q. And do you see in the bottom
6		right-hand corner of the photo the Mueller's
7		products?
8		A. Yes.
9	,	Q. Do you recall if those products
10		bore the slogan "America's Favorite Pasta"?
11		A. Gosh, there's so little there. I
12		think I'm almost positive if I could
13		go back here and look at the other ones, I
14		could tell you. So just give me a second
15	,	here.
16	: •	Q. Sure.
17		A. I need a magnifying glass. You're
18		talking about the ones right here (indicated)?
19		Q. That's right.
20		A. Okay.
21		Q. Um-hum.
22		A. They're so tiny I can't really
23		see, but I think
24	·	Q. I think if you look at the exhibit
25		I gave you, there will be a larger

Page 32 Oh, okay. Right here (indicated)? Α. 2 Right. Q. Okay. Yeah, this would have been 3 Α. this one. I see it now. Yes, it did. Let's talk about the attachment 0. you're actually looking at right now. Α. Okay. Can you tell me what it is? 0. Yes. This is a historical 9 Α. timeline of the Mueller's packaging starting 10 in 1937 through 2003. 11 And did you create this exhibit? 12 Ο. 13 Yes, I did. Α. 14 And can you explain what the 15 purpose of this timeline was? Yes. The reason I did this was 16 to illustrate sort of the essence of the 17 Mueller's brand, not only their identity, 18 their hierarchy of information, but also their 19 20 trade dress in terms of color, in terms of words, like, "America's Favorite Pasta," what 21 the product is, and see how it evolved over 22 23 time. I notice that you, in 1914, 24 referred to that as the flag brand. Can you 25

	Page 33
1	explain what that is?
2	A. I'm sorry, 19, what?
3	Q. 1914. I believe it's on that page
4	there (indicated).
5	A. Okay. That was called the flag
6	brand because it had a flag on it and it was
7	patriotic.
8	Q. Okay.
9	A. And the flag was one of the
10	symbols that was part of the trade dress.
11	Q. So is that flag below 1914 just an
12	enlarged picture of what came off of
13	A. Yes. If you look at you know,
14	if you back then, of course, this was in
15	such early days of consumer products, it was
16	a long time ago, but the Mueller packaging
17	was red, white, and blue, but it did have a
18	flag on it.
19	And that was one of the primary
20	symbols. And I would have imagined that in
21	1914 it was probably a good idea to be
22	patriotic.
23	Q. Looking at the item identified in
24	1930
25	A. Um-hum.

Page 34 1 Q. --do you recall what that was? It's identified right above that. 3 Α. Yes. This is a recipe that -- I don't know if it would have been in a magazine or not. I don't recall. But it 5 6 was suggestions on how to serve the product. 7 This was an American product. I know that a 8 lot of Jewish people used to use it in New 9 York. I've heard a lot of people talk about 10 it. It was basically known as a macaroni 11 product. 12 O. And below the designation 1930, there are a couple items there. Do you see 13 14 that? 15 It says, "Look for the red, Α. Yes. 16 white, and blue package, America's largest 17 selling brand." 18 And did those appear on this 0. 19 recipe booklet? Yes, it did. It's up in the 20 Α. right-hand corner up here and it's on the 21 bottom of this page here (indicated), "Look 22 23 for the red, white, and blue package." Okay. 1940's, do you see that 24 Q. 25 reference there?

			Page 35
1	A.	I sure do.	
2	Q.	And it says, "Factory modern	ı,
3	clean, Am	erican"?	
4	A.	Um-hum.	
5	Q.	Why did you think that was	
6	important	to pull out?	·
7	A.	I think, again, it was just	sort
8	of the Am	erican identity of the produc	ct.
9	That's on	e of the qualities of the ide	entity
10	that rema	ined consistent.	
11	Q.	Was that what you were trying	ng to
12	show with	this timeline?	İ
13	Α.	Yes. And also back then, ye	ou
14	know, pro	ducts weren't always safe and	d clean
15 .	and wonde	erful.	
16		And so this was a time before	re the
17	'50s when	it was very important that	you had
18	trust in	a brand. You knew that it we	as
19	something	that was of the highest qua	lity.
20	Q.	Okay	
21	Α.	And, of course, this was a	time
22	when peop	ole cooked from scratch so the	ey had a
23	lot of re	ecipes and a lot of information	on.
24	Q.	Let's move ahead to 1997-'9	8.
25	Α.	Okay.	

Page 36 1 And what items from that packaging 0. 2 and coupon did you think conveyed the American theme you had spoken about earlier? Well, I think it's the heritage. You know, over time a brand builds up equity in its, you know, brand assets and I would 7 -- you know, Mueller has been using the red, white, and blue practically since the beginning if you look at this image here. 10 But they're really starting to call 11 out they're "America's Favorite Pasta," which, 12 by the way, was first on their package back 13 here in 1950. I found one that shows it right here, "America's Favorite Pasta." So 14 15 they've been using that for quite awhile. 16 And then they note here that it's 17 been their favorite pasta for over 125 years. 18 So that really talks about the longevity of 19 the brand. 20 As it appears on the box in 1998--Q. 21 Α. Um-hum. 22 --do you see where it says, Q. 23 "America's Favorite Pasta"? 24 Α. I sure do. 25 Is that a trademark? Q.

Page 37

- A. Yes, it is a trade -- it's part of the trade dress of the Mueller's brand.
- Q. And looking at this box, what is -- can it have more than one trademark on the box?
- A. Yes, yes, of course, it can. And it's how things are used over time and it's what the consumer has come to know as sort of the whole brand, the trade dress of the package, because if you change it too much, people won't know what it is, and they won't buy it.

I know from some of the work we do with Wonder Bread, we just re-did their identity. You can't change it very much. And so usually what these companies did, they spent a lot of time doing equity tests with a consumer finding out what is it about the blue -- the top that's blue, the bottom is blue, the red stripe, "America's Favorite Pasta," just the components and the hierarchy and why they're important.

- Q. Can you speak about the hierarchy? What do you mean by that?
  - A. Well, the first thing that -- when

Page 38

you see this package, the first thing a person sees is color. That's the way the emotions work. It's not necessarily a rational thing. So you go to color first. That's the way you identify a brand.

And then the next thing would be probably the name. You know Mueller's is the name you trust.

And then you begin to look at the way all the other elements come together.

Like, for example, "America's

Favorite Pasta" works a lot like "Breakfast

of Champions " for Wheaties or something.

It's just something they're known for. Or with Coke, "It's the real thing," you know. It's part of their brand. And they use it along with their name.

And then you look for what the product is, because if you're buying pasta, sometimes you want spaghetti, sometimes you want twist, sometimes you want something else. You want to make sure what product you're buying.

Then you might look at -- you might look at the price, depending on how

Page 39

thrifty you are.

But for the most part, you just want to make sure that you're buying the product that you trust, because that's what all those elements mean. I mean, we are the source of this product.

- Q. So would you say that's the most important factor in a purchasing decision for something like this?
- A. I'm not sure I understand the question. What--
- Q. You're talking about the brand name or the identification, being familiar with the product?
- A. Yes. People tend to buy the same thing over and over again. And, you know, they want to know that they're buying what they trust.

And, you know, one of the things about Mueller's, I guess you have to be old enough to remember it, but all the people I know that used to eat it when they were kids and they're in their 70's and 80's now just remember this as such a heritage of America. So they really played on that. It's very

_	
	Page 40
1	trusted, especially on the east coast.
2	Q. When you mention that, I'm
3	wondering Well, we'll get to that. Let's
4	look at the next box, 1999.
5	A. Okay.
6	Q. Does "America's Favorite Pasta"
7	appear on that box?
8	A. Yes, it does.
9	Q. And does it appear as a trademark
10	on that box
11	A. Yes.
12	Qin your opinion?
13	A. Yes.
14	Q. In about 2001
15	A. Yes.
16	Qdoes it also appear on there?
17	A. Um-hum.
18	Q. And in the 2002 packaging?
19	A. Yes, it does.
20	Q. Is it your conclusion that from
21	1893 to 2002 that the American theme that you
22	spoke about was carried through all the way
23	through the packaging?
24	A. Well, the red, white, and blue,
25	and things like the flag, the flag has
I	

Page 41

returned again in 2002.

I mean, the things that are consistent are always the blue ends, the little red stripe that you see on almost everything, you see also the name, and it's the longevity of the name.

And then since the 1950's, they've been using "America's Favorite Pasta," although they used other things that identified it as America's before that. But it was from day one an American product.

- Q. Speaking about the appearance of "America's Favorite Pasta" on the packaging, is it necessary to advertise outside of the packaging in order to develop a brand awareness among consumers?
- A. Well, a lot more commodity-type products like this are ones that don't make as much money, just don't have the budget to do it. So they only coupon, maybe. So that's the only chance you'd get to see it.

I mean, there's hundreds and hundreds of products that just aren't advertised. They're just only couponed.

Q. Let's go back to your report.

Page 42 1 A. Okay. Q. And I would like to have you look 3 at Exhibit C. Α. Okay. 5 Q. Do you recall why this was included in your declaration? 7 Α. Yes. I believe -- let's see, I had a thing on it that I read what it said. 9 I'll have to find that. 10 O. Sure. 11 Maybe it was in mine. 12 O. You might look at paragraph 16 of 13 your report if that helps refresh your 14 recollection. 15 Thank you. Yes. Page 16? 16 Paragraph 16. 0. A. Oh, I'm sorry. Thank you. Thanks 17 18 for helping me find it. 19 O. Um-hum. 20 Okay. I pulled this out because 21 what it said was -- let me find it here --Chrysler ad in the New York Times, February 22 16, '03, reads, "Six-speed transmission, a 23 measurable quality; however" -- it continues 24 25 on -- "50 percent American imagination, 50

Page 43 1 percent German precision, 100 percent passion." Well, to me, that's a puffery 3 statement, but people understand that. They're not going to say, "Oh, my God, it doesn't really have 50 percent German. I'd like to look under the hood. Prove that to 7 me." But it's just a figure of speech 9 that is part of the advertising. 10 Can statements of puffery serve as 0. 11 a trademark? 12 If they're used enough and they're used over a long period of time, they become 13 14 part of the branding. 15 Looking at paragraph D, which I 0. 16 believe is also addressed in the same paragraph, 16--17 18 Um-hum. Α. 19 I'm sorry, Exhibit D. Q. 20 Okay. C, D--Α. Can you explain how this exhibit 21 0. 22 affected your opinion in your report? Yes. What the point of this one 23 Α. 24 was is that everyone -- not everyone, but people often use, like, Kansas City, the best 25

Page 44 1 barbecue, the finest steaks, you know, those 2 kinds of things aren't meant to be 3 measurable. They're puffery and they're meant 5 to add to the brand, sort of a steam, and 6 make you want to go there. 7 But it's not because people have 8 voted that it's the best one, unless they 9 said that. And they're not saying that here. 10 Okay. How about Exhibit E, then, 0. 11 which was also referenced in paragraph 16? 12 Well, these were just examples of 13 words, like, the brand, Best Foods or 14 Preferred Mutual Insurance Company or Best 15 Western. These are brand names. 16 Well, is it the best? "BMW, the 17 ultimate driving machine." 18 And, of course, my favorite, "Ringling Brothers, the greatest show on 19 20 Earth." 21 And "America's strongest banks, 22 UMB." Do you know if -- Well, let's look 23 Ο. 24 at the Midwest Express Airlines, "The best 25 care in the air."

		Page 45
1	Α.	Right.
2	Q.	Do you see the registration symbol
3	following	r
4	Α.	Right
5	Q.	"The best care in the air"?
6	Α.	I do.
7	Q.	Do you know what that means? .
8	Α.	Yeah, that means they have
9	registere	ed that as part of their trade dress.
10	Q.	I'm sorry, say that again?
11	Α.	It's part of their brand identity,
12	part of t	their trade dress.
13		They have a trademark on the name
14	of their	airlines, except that they've changed
15	it to Mid	west Airlines now. But they still
16	use "The	best care in the air" on all their
17	advertisi	ing.
18		And almost everything if you
19	open up t	their magazine I fly them all the
20	time so ]	know but everything that they
21	use, they	y always use that tag line.
22	Q.	And on your favorite one, "The
23	greatest	show on earth"
24	Α.	Right.
25	Q.	do you see the registration

	Page 46
1	symbol following that?
2	A. I do. I do.
3	Q. And does that also means that it's
4	a federally registered trademark?
5	A. Yes, it does.
6	Q. So based upon these items and
7	probably your experience, is it your opinion
8	that these types of statements of puffery are
9	registerable with the trademark office?
10	A. Yes, they are.
11	Q. And are you also of the opinion
12	that they are a trademark that one could
13	protect?
14	A. Yes.
15	Q. Exhibit F, which you refer to in
16	paragraph 17 of your report
17	A. Right.
18	Qcould you explain what this
19	exhibit is meant to show?
20	A. These are more notions of
21	patriotism that Mueller has used.
22	And you can see how John Hancock
23	and Dolly Madison and Mobil, it's a
24	combination of using symbols like stars and
25	colors like red, white, and blue, and using
1	

Page 47 1 the word "American" or "national," things that 2 just really express sort of our national 3 pride. 0. Do you think that these patriotic elements can serve to distinguish one source of goods from another? Oh, absolutely, especially if you Α. use them over time and they're embedded in 9 everything you do. They become part of your, 10 you know, your brand. They represent who you 11 are. 12 If you looked at Mobil and it had 13 a green "o," you'd know something is wrong 14 there. 15 Bank of America, the little --16 this flag is supposed to represent the 17 cornfield or the wheat fields. I know the 18 guy that did it. It's supposed to look sort 19 of like a flag and sort of like the 20 countryside. This is a huge tradition in our 21 country. 22 Well, all countries do it. I mean, every country, the French, the Italians, 23 24 you know, the British, they all have their--25 And the Texans? Q.

		Page 48
1	A.	The Texans.
2		(Laughter.)
3	Α.	Don't mess with Texas. See?
4	"Don't me	ss with Texas," that's one.
5	Q.	Moving to Exhibit G
6	A.	Okay.
7	Q.	which is referenced in paragraph
8	18 of you	r report, do you recall what this
9	exhibit w	as meant to show?
10	A.	I think I Googled this.
11		Wait, when was this? I think
12	I'm tryin	g to remember.
13	Q.	That's all right. Take your time.
14	And if yo	ur report helps you
15	Α.	I think what that was was just to
16	show peop	le use the word "favorite" in
17	puffery t	erms a lot but it can also be a
18	trademark	: <b>.</b>
19		Some of these may not be used
20	I'm not s	ure if they're using this as part
21	of the tr	ademark name, but it's used to
22	suggest t	hat you should go there because
23	other pec	pple like it.
24	Q.	Paragraph 19 of your report
25	Α.	Um-hum.

Page 49 --just says, "Mueller's brand has 1 Ο. evolved over a long period of time--" Where is it? Α. I'm sorry. 19. Ο. 5 I've got two reports going here. Α. 18. Okay. 19. 7 "Mueller's brands evolved over a Ο. long period of time and the trade dress 9 elements of the brand identity that are part of the trademark were first used starting in 10 11 the early 1900's and, thus, have equity with 12 consumers." And it goes on. We've kind of 13 talked about that already, haven't we? 14 15 1950's, yeah. Α. 16 Is there anything in there that 0. you would change today? 17 18 No. Α. Paragraph 20? 19 Ο. Well, I do say, and I believe this 20 Α. is true, that brand can be in all forms 21 22 brand communication. The product packaging is the most 23 critical because it provides the consistent 24 visual/ verbal clues and signs to the 25

Page 50 1 consumer, because that's the main place they 2 see it is in the grocery store and, perhaps, 3 coupons. I went on to say that as you know, H&R Block -- I didn't say it here, but H&R Block now owns that little green square. Who would think you could own a 8 green square, but they do now. 9 Coke is red. Wonder Bread has the 10 dots. We just redesigned that and I will 11 tell you when we didn't have the right amount 12 of dots on there and they weren't the right 13 color, the consumer noticed it. We did change it just a little bit, though. 14 15 BMW is "The ultimate driving 16 machine." Hush Puppy owns "The world's most 17 18 comfortable shoe." 19 Chevy is "Like a rock." They're part of the brand, part of the trade dress. 20 Okay. Let's move to Exhibit H, 21 which you speak about in paragraph 21 of your 22 23 report in case that helps you. 24 Α. Okay. H? H. And I think you've touched on 25 Q.

Page 51 this somewhat already, but can you explain how this particular exhibit, what that meant to you when you were using your--Well, I just thought it was 5 interesting that they had taken this one 6 element, which is the blue ends, and this 7 little red stripe, and over time it really means something. 9 And they've reintroduced the flag. They had the "America's Favorite Pasta," but 10 11 they put the flag back into this one. 12 So the flag has been carried forth and it's just such an -- to me, this is just 13 14 such an American icon and they're really trying to associate the brand more and more 15 16 with an American product. I notice the last bullet on 17 Exhibit H says, "American rather than Italian 18 19 pasta name and recipes." 20 Α. Right. Why was that important to you? 21 Ο. Well, because brands have heritage, 22 Α. just like Grey Poupon is French. Mueller's 23 is American. And if you go to the pasta 24

aisles, there is essentially three kinds.

Page 52 1 There's the Artisan pastas which usually tend to be almost exclusively from 3 Italy, from some, you know, hand-made Momma Mia or whatever. And they're packaged in very artisan kinds of packages. And then there's a standard boxed 7 pasta and you tend to have two kinds there, 8 in general. 9 And you tend to have the American 10 pasta and you have the Italian ones. And 11 they tend to say all over them that they're 12 made in Italy -- or, you know, the consumers always look and see where they're made. 14 They see what kind of wheat they 15 have and they look to see where it was made and if it has Italian names, Italian colors. 16 17 The Italian pastas also tend to be in blue packages. Not always but it's just 18 19 sort of a tradition there. 20 And what do you base that opinion 0. 21 on? Observation. Just go look in the 22 23 store and that's what you see, you know. I 24 mean, Campbell's Soup is red. It just is. 25 Do you base that on your

Q.

Page 53 1 experience as one in the industry? 2 Α. Yeah. And I've traveled to Italy 3 a lot and, you know, I know a lot about Italian pasta and I eat a lot of it. 5 I should have asked you this earlier, but are you a brand expert? Α. Yes. Can you give me some examples of 9 Italian-themed pastas that you would consider 10 an Italian pasta versus an American pasta? 11 Well, De Cecco, I think is the Α. 12 name of one that I buy sometimes. 13 Obviously, Barilla. Barilla is not 14 sold here very much, at least where I shop. 15 I think of it as Italian. 16 I like -- a lot of the Artisan 17 pastas are -- there's the angel one, DaVinci, 18 I believe, that's blue and it's Italian. 19 The interesting thing is, no matter 20 where you go, the pastas are often different 21 names. 22 You know, they're not always --23 you don't always find the same brands. 24 But what I have noticed is there 25 does tend to be the kind of -- almost all

Page 54 1 the Italian ones will have some green on them and they'll use a lot of language, Italian 3 language, on them. And I think a lot of macaroni 5 products, in general, tend to come in kind of 6 more of a white, kind of a clean box. 7 just kind of a general statement. But, to me, there's a difference 8 9 in sort of the macaroni American heritage and this kind of pasta heritage, which is much 1.0 more European -- or Italian, rather. 11 12 I notice you're pointing to Exhibit I. Maybe we should go ahead and talk about 13 14 that. 15 Since I'm already over there. Α. O. Yes. Can you explain what is in 16 Exhibit I? 17 Let me refer back to my notes and 18 19 see what I said here. 20 Q. Um-hum. One of the things I noted in 21 general is that a lot of times the Americans 22 will say things, like, elbow, noodles, shells, 23 twists; whereas, sometimes it will be --24 like, penne is obviously more an Italian 25

Page 55 1 name. Let's see, what else did I say here? If I may go through these? Ο. Please do. The dominant use, if I look at the Mueller's, this particular one, it's obviously 7 the time that I did this, "America's Favorite Pasta." It's very, very patriotic. The red stripes and the blue top and bottom just 10 reinforce it. 11 The flag brand. The descriptions 12 of sort of the American names like ruffles 13 and the distinctly American recipe on the 14 box. If you look at it, it's more like mac 15 and cheese kind of things. Mostly the 16 packaging is white. 17 You go to Barilla, the use of the 18 green, the white, and the red that represents 19 the Italian flag. It claims that it's 20 "Italy's Number One Pasta." The Italian 21 description for pasta names, the multi-lingual 22 packaging and, of course, the dark blue. 23 And on the Ronzoni, again, it's 24 more of an Old World treatment. I'm not 25 sure if it's made here or there, but it's

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certainly an Old World style.

Italian description for the pasta name. Mostly blue package. And distinctly Italian recipes on the box.

So all the clues if a consumer were to pick it up and look at it, they're going to know where that pasta has -- you know, what the origin was because of the name, because of the symbols and the -- just the way it's all put together and the kinds of recipes that are on it. And the kinds of noodles and the names for those.

- Q. Tell me if either of the two, either Barilla or Ronzoni, included a statement about being "America's Favorite Pasta," what do you think the impact would be?
- A. I think it would be a big surprise because they're definitely Italian in origin. I mean, their brand -- they are Italian brands. And, I mean, I wouldn't think they would do that.

If I were their advisor, I probably wouldn't advise them to do that because I'd probably say -- I would probably

Page 57 1 keep to the Italian heritage. Do you think that there'd be an 0. 3 impact on the consumer when they made a purchase of the product or were trying to 5 make the purchase of a product? Well, I think it would be Α. 7 confusion. I think they'd be confused. Q. And because? 9 Well, I think in the markets where 10 Mueller is sold, I think they would definitely be confused. 11 12 I mean, anybody that's associated 13 with that, it would be like the second circus 14 that came to town. I think it's completely 15 associated with Mueller's. 16 But I think the other thing is it 17 doesn't make sense because it isn't -- you 18 know, it's an Italian product. And I think 19 it would be very confusing to the consumer. 20 The last thing I want to do is go 0. 21 to the very last paragraph of your report. 22 Α. Um-hum. Okay. 23 Paragraph 22, I believe. 0. 24 Yes. 22. My conclusions? Α. Q. Yes, which I just tucked away here 25

25

Page 58 1 somewhere, so hang on. Here we go. Could you go through conclusions 3 and explain if you still agree and say why? Well, the phrase "America's 5 Favorite Pasta" has multiple meanings that are subjective as you say "Mueller." It doesn't mean that it's not a trademark, but it just means -- "favorite" 9 can mean one thing to one person and one 10 thing to another. But it definitely suggests that 11 it's made in America, that Americans love it, 12 and it's something that is part of our 13 culture and part of our -- sort of our 14 15 heritage as a brand. When this was written, I think we 16 were really trying to -- this was about it 17 being puffery and that's why we make a lot 18 of statements about the word "favorite" is 19 subjective, because I think at that time we 20 were talking about it not being measurable, 21 but we've since proven that. 22 Let's back up there on that issue. 23 Ο.

When you say that it's not measurable, can

you explain what that means?

Page 59

Α. Well, what I mean is they're not saying that -- "favorite" is puffery.

Page 60 1 I certainly do. It's the Α. patriotism. I mean, it's the whole -- it's just the -- it's like Campbell's Soup. And in the last paragraph--5 Α. Uh-huh. --you say, "All these trade dress Q. 7 features, including the phrase 'America's Favorite Pasta,' serve as a trademark function 9 and help consumers recognize the Mueller's 10 brand." 11 That's correct. Α. Do you still stand by that 12 0. 13 conclusion? I do. 14 Α. I'm going to show you what's been 15 Ο. marked previously as Exhibit No. 6. 16 17 Α. Okay. Can you tell me what that is? 18 0. Yes, this is the Mueller's 19 Α. multi-grain spaghetti. And I believe it's 20 21 their new packaging. Do you recall what's new about the 2.2 0. 23 packaging? I believe that they have changed 24 Α. their sort of ribbon here and they've 25

	Page 61
1	basically evolved their logo a little bit.
2	Q. Do you
3	A. I haven't seen this, I don't
4	believe.
5	(Deposition Exhibit-97 was marked
6	by Ms. Burbach for identification.)
7	Q. (By Ms. Burbach) Well, actually
8	let me go ahead and give you Exhibit 97 real
9	quick here.
10	A. I think I saw this one
11	(indicated).
12	Q. Exhibit 4, is that the one you
13	and the saw?
14	A. Yeah, I've seen that, yeah.
15	Q. Is that the same logo as the one
16	on Exhibit No. 6?
17	A. Yes.
18	Q. And do you believe
19	MS. BURBACH: For the record,
20	she's looking at the actual physical box of
21	Exhibit 6 and Exhibit 4 and not the
22	photocopy.
23	A. Right. I'm holding it in my
24	hands. Okay.
25	Q. (By Ms. Burbach) Do you believe

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that this new version of the box carries through the American theme that you spoke about earlier?

- A. Yes. It has a star behind it now and it still has "America's Favorite Pasta," which I think is kind of interesting that they put it below it, which I think is even better.
  - Q. Why do you say that?
- A. Because it's almost like a tag line then, "America's Favorite Pasta." It really reinforces it. And it has the red, white, and blue.

And it looks like they're starting to-- this is the one that I was looking at the other day.

- Q. You're referring to Exhibit 4?
- A. Yeah, Exhibit 4. I saw it the other day, which, again, are the sea shells, which are definitely American, "America's Favorite Pasta," the new logo, which is, you know, evolved from the old one, still using the ribbon, of course, and the big star behind it really reinforces the patriotic theme. And the clean, white box.

Page 63 1 Let's see what's on the back. Sea shell broccoli. Okay. That's very American. 3 Ο. Do you see on the back of box 4 where it says, "Makes a Meal"? 5 Α. Um-hum. "Makes a Meal," um-hum. 6 Ο. Can you explain what that is or 7 what that looks like to you? 8 What I would imagine this is, 9 although I have not researched it, I'll tell 10 you that, is that it's probably an icon. 11 I'm not sure if they've registered 12 it or not. But it's part of a program for 13 a meal that they have recipes for, I'm sure. 14 And it has some kind of -- "Makes 15 a Meal" probably has something to do with one 16 of the recipes or some of the recipes. 17 They probably have some sort of it 18 cooks guick, it's nutritious, it provides this 19 and that. 20 Does that same banner appear on--0. 21 Uh-huh, yeah. They're starting to Α. 22 use this now. I see it on both of these 23 now. " Makes a meal." 24 So this obviously has a "dot com" 25 and you can visit the web site.

Page 64 1 With having these on two packages, Q. 2 if you just saw that, would you think that 3 the source was affiliated or associated? Well, obviously, "Makes a meal" is 5 part of the Mueller thing, I believe. 6 I mean, I don't think it's 7 something to do with, like, the American 8 Heart Association. I think it's one of their programs 9 10 and it would be like Lexus having a really 11 good service deal that you get and it's part 12 of their -- part of what they do to promote 13 their brand. But you consider that a trademark? 14 Q. It could be. It could be a 15 Α. trademark and it might just be a promotion. 16 But it might also become part of 17 their brand heritage, but you could trademark 18 it just for a promotion if you wanted to. 19 So looking at Exhibit 96, looking 20 Ο. at Exhibit I to your original report--21 22 Um-hum. Α. --and comparing that to the current 23 24 packaging--25 Okay. Α.

	Page 65
1	QI'm talking about the very first
2	Mueller's box on Exhibit I.
3	A. Got it. Okay.
4	Qcompared to the new packaging
5	A. Okay.
6	Qif you say that
7	A. Let me get it here.
8	Q. Oh, sure.
9	A. All right. Now, what is your
10	question?
11	Q. Looking at the very first box on
12	Exhibit I, to the box on Exhibit 4
13	A. Right.
14	Qwould you say that the American
15	theme has continued?
16	A. Yes, and I just noticed something
17	else. Now, they say, "Made with North
18	American grown durum wheat."
19	Q. What does that mean to you?
20	A. Oh, it just means that it's not
21	from wheat from Italy like a lot of them
22	say, you know, "Made from semolina from
23	Italy." This one says it's made in North
24	American, which I don't think they've done
25	that before.

Page 66 1 I don't want to paraphrase, but do 0. you think the way they use "America's Favorite Pasta" now is stronger than the way they used it in Exhibit I, the very first box, in your opinion? I don't know if I would call it 7 stronger. I'll tell you what, I think it's more visually appealing. They both say the same thing, though. This one has a lot of 10 elements. 11 When they redesigned it, it's more 12 visually appealing by wrapping the ribbon 13 around the star and signing off with --14 they've also brought the "Quality Since 1867" 15 -- it's much easier to read than it was 16 here. 17 I mean, it's a nicer design basically. It's easier for the consumer to 18 19 understand because when you say, "Mueller's --20 America's Favorite Pasta, " it really flows. 21 "America's Favorite Pasta --22 Mueller's," 23 I mean, that's good, too, but this 24 is better. 25 Q. As it appears in Exhibit 4,

	Page 67
1	"America's Favorite Pasta," does that appear
2	as a trademark to you?
3	A. Yes, um-hum.
4	Q. And can that use of "America's
5	Favorite Pasta" serve to identify the source
6	of the pasta?
7	A. When it's used with yes, it
8	can, like "The greatest show on earth," yeah.
9	But I would imagine you would tend
10	to use it with the word "Mueller's," though.
11	It has more Ringling, you could
12	say, "The greatest show on earth," but you
13	usually have Ringling Brothers near it as
. 14	part of it.
15	Q. Let's go through Exhibit 97, which
16	I've handed you
17	A. Okay.
18	Qbefore we go on. Can you tell
19	me what Exhibit 97 is?
20	A. What you just gave me, correct?
21	Q. Um-hum.
22	A. This is the Declaration of Ann
23	Willoughby.
24	Q. And when did you sign this
25	declaration?

Page 68 1 Α. March 6. And do you recall in this Q. declaration affirming all the statements made in your report--5 Α. Yes, I do. 6 --of February 21, 2003? 0. 7 Α. Yes, I do. 8 Let's look at paragraph 4 in 0. particular. You state, "First, it remains my 9 10 opinion that AIPC's use of the term 'America's Favorite Pasta' on Mueller's 11 packaging is puffery and has no impact on the 12 purchasing decision of the consumer, other 13 14 than brand recognition. " 15 Α. Um-hum. And you said, "I believe that 16 0. consumers of food products in general and 17 pasta in particular can regard a term or 18 phrase as puffery and still associate and 19 identify that term or phrase as a branding 20 statement either alone or in connection with 21 22 the mark." 23 Certainly. A. And that's still your opinion 24 Q. 25 today?

Page 69

A. Yes.

Q. And you go on to explain some examples of that. Can you speak about that?

A. Well, "When you care enough to send the very best" is Hallmark and we all know that people know that's Hallmark.

And, now, is that the very best?
Well, it depends. Some people might say yes
and some people might say no.

While the consumer might give little weight to the factuality of the phrase, recognizing it as mere puffery, the consumer also draws a connection between the faith in Hallmark.

And they own that, you know.

Midwest Air, "The best care in the air," we all associate that with Midwest.

"America's strongest banks," "The ultimate driving machine," I talked about the brand functioning includes the use of "The best care in the air" by Midwest, "America's strongest banks, " and I talked earlier about -- I was looking at Wheaties the other day in the grocery store, "Breakfast of Champions."

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You would never -- no one else could use that. But what kind of champions? I mean, does that mean they're the best?

- Q. Based on your experience and personal knowledge, you would conclude that these statements of puffery could be a trademark?
- A. Absolutely, but it doesn't mean that they're measurable is what I'm saying.

  Puffery means that they -- that people -- you know, people don't take them literally.
- Q. Okay. In your opinion and experience, would you say that marks that are merely puffery can become distinctive over time if they weren't originally?
- A. I think they grow in distinction, yeah. For example, it might be just description in the beginning and then over time, people -- I'm sure the first time Hallmark said, "When you care enough to send the very best," everybody said, Well, okay. But now after all these years, it really means something.

And part of that is because

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they've continued to use it over and over again. The more you use it -- for example, you could register "Makes a Meal," but if they stop using it tomorrow and don't use it anymore, then it doesn't -- the meaning to the consumer doesn't grow as much. Again, it could be a trademark.

- Q. So what does that mean for you in the context of "America's Favorite Pasta"?

  Do you believe that that mark has acquired distinctiveness?
- A. Yes. They've used it since 1950.

  And for the people that buy this product,
  that is their favorite pasta and they expect
  to see that on the box. It's part of their
  brand heritage.
- Q. In paragraph 5, I believe you followed very much with what you've just said.

You indicate that, "A number of consistent elements may serve either individually or collectively to prove a brand identity and a consumer seeing the Mueller's packaging on the supermarket shelf may draw upon a different elements to identify the

Page 72 1 brand." 2 Does that include "America's Favorite Pasta" as it appears on the packaging? 5 Α. Yes. Have you seen any of Barilla's 0. 7 packaging for their pasta? 8 Α. Well, in the report, I had it, I 9 believe. 10 Right. 0. 11 Α. Yes. 12 Can you explain like you did with 13 the Mueller's pasta what you would consider 14 as the information hierarchy on this box? 15 Okay. From my experience and my Α. knowledge, when I first saw this package, I 16 17 associated it with an Italian-made pasta because so many Italian pastas come in mostly 18 blue boxes and they almost always have the 19 Italian flag, the red, white, and green on 20 21 them. They tend to also have Italian 22 names and, like it says, al dente. And on 23 24 the back, they have recipes that are more Italian and they talk about Italy. And they 25

Page 73 1 talk about, you know, Italians chose Barilla pasta by an astonishing five-to-one margin, blah, blah, blah. And it looks as though they have 5 used "number one" because of sales. 6 I'm not really sure these qualities 7 -- they talk about qualities and then they 8 talk about their sales. 9 But when I first saw this several 10 years ago, I associated this with "Italy's 11 Number One Pasta." 12 It helped to reinforce it was from 13 Italy to me. And just almost everything 14 about it suggests--15 Is it important that that Ο. 16 information appears actually on a box as 17 opposed to an advertisement? 18 Α. You mean this--19 Um-hum. 0. --all these things? Well, usually 20 Α. 21 in an ad, you'll get a lot of this in an ad. I mean, they're going to make sure you 22 know what their logo -- well, it's a color 23 24 ad. If it's a cooking book or 25

Page 74

something, they're going to show a box probably if they're offering a recipe.

I doubt it that they do a lot of newspaper advertising with this. They just don't do it that much.

But, you know, the people that do the ads and promote it, they know what the brand elements are and they use them in promoting it.

- Q. The fact that you state there isn't a lot of advertising of these products, does that make a difference in -- or does that give-- what impact does that have on what the packaging says?
- A. Well, what it means is in almost all consumer products, the package has to work really hard. The package is the brand for a lot of products that don't advertise. It represents the brand because that's the only exposure people have to it.

And the other thing about it when you buy it, about packaging that might be different, Let's just say you buy a dress or something, you come in and take the tag off.

But this (indicated) sits on your shelf for a

Page 75 1 long time. 2 And then you -- I mean, the consumer has a relationship with it and you want to see how many calories are in it, 5 what the recipe is. You are continually 6 looking at it. One of the things I always do 7 every time I look at a pasta, the first thing I do is find out where it's made. And 9 then if they're tricking me and saying, "Made 10 in Illinois" or something -- you know, but 11 12 that's just me, though. 13 MR. VAN HOOZER: Keep looking. (By Ms. Burbach) Does that box 14 0. tell you where Barilla's product is made? 15 I'm looking. I'm looking. 16 Α. MR. BANNER: You spend a lot of 17 18 time in stores. It's Illinois. Okay. They 19 Α. 20 tricked me. (By Ms. Burbach) They tricked a 21 22 branding expert. So would you say that the point of 23 purchase, then, is -- I mean, I don't want 24 to put words in your mouth, but--25

Page 76 1 You're asking me if -- what I Α. think you're asking me is, how much weight does the package carry in the branding? that what you're asking me? Yes, that's what I'm asking. Q. Thank you. 7 Okay. In a product -- okay. A Α. product like this has only a few ways of 9 people knowing about it. 10 One of them is through their 11 family and through, you know, like if my mother used Mueller and I use it or whatever. 12 13 Word of mouth is another. On the 14 shelf, that's where people typically see it. Possibly in a coupon. That's 15 about it. Because these brands, for the most 16 17 part, just are not advertised. Like, on television, maybe once in 18 a blue moon in a magazine or something or in 19 certain magazines or possibly couponed in 20 something, but they're not advertised. 21 So the only way you know about 22 them is to see the shelf set, and the shelf 23 set will be usually a variety of different 24

kinds of pasta, you know, like a penne or

Page 77 1 sea shells or whatever, and you just sort of 2 recognize the brand block and you become 3 accustomed to buying one. And usually you stay with it, at least most people do. 5 What do you mean by "brand block"? Ο. 6 Okay. What I mean by brand block, Α. 7 or the way I use it is, when you see a 8 group of products and they're all together, 9 they're like a family, you know. 10 And a family is -- with pasta, 11 they -- depending on how many varieties you 12 have, you can have quite a bit of shelf 13 space. 14 And so it's like a wall of blue is Barilla. A wall of white with red and 15 16 white stripes is Mueller. And that's why you -- like with 17 Wonder Bread, that's why you keep those 18 identity elements because you just immediately 19 20 see them. 21 I mean, look at kids, they can see 22 the golden arches forever. Kids know more about -- because the first thing you see are 23 shapes and colors rather than words. 24

Q.

And do you -- does that stand true

	Page 78
1	for these types of products, as well?
2	A. Absolutely. Absolutely. I mean,
3	it's just what people expect.
4	I mean, if you change, for
5	example, most not all of them, but most
6	pastas have a little window here because
7	consumers expect that now. And I know
8	sometimes they take it away, but they bring
9	it back right away.
10	I mean, this is just what we
11	expect. If you change our expectations, then
12	it's upsetting, you know. We don't like
13	that.
14	Q. We originally had talked about
15	Exhibit A to your original report.
16	A. Right.
17	Q. And is that what you observed in
18	these photos?
19	A. Right. Yes. I mean, the pasta
20	is a pretty interesting category in that they
21	do tend to have very distinct colors.
22	That's exactly what I remember and
23	Mueller definitely stands out with a white
24	box.
25	MS. BURBACH: I think that's all I

	Page 79
1	have right now. Do you want to take a break
2	or keep going?
3	THE WITNESS: Keep going.
4	CROSS-EXAMINATION
5	BY-MR.BANNER:
6	Q. I don't remember exactly which
7	exhibit it was. I think it was this exhibit
8	that you created, B?
9	A. From a long time ago, yeah. For
10	the puffery case, you mean?
11	Q. Yes, for the puffery case that
12	you've endorsed for this case, too?
13	A. Yes.
14	Q. Okay. You've got used for the
15	first time "America's Favorite" in 1950?
16	A. I think it was. Let me look at
17	it here. Let me pull it out. Yeah,
18	"America's Favorite," yeah.
19	Q. Now, did they use it in '51?
20	A. Well, I wish I remembered better.
21	What I did is just tried to find
22	as many exhibits as I could in all different
23	kinds of ways. And this was the first time
24	that I found that they used it was right
25	here and it was on the side right here

Page 80 1 (indicated). 0. So you can't say whether or not it 3 was used in 1951 today or until -- I think your application claims use in '80--We could probably find out when 6 this -- I bet we could find -- if need be, 7 you could probably find out when these recipe 8 books came out. 9 Q. We looked at the recipe book 10 earlier. 11 A. Oh, did you? 12 It might not have been this one, 0. 13 though. 14 There might have been an earlier Α. 15 one, but this is the earliest I could find. 16 I think--17 MR. VAN HOOZER: That recipe book 18 was introduced as an exhibit only in black and white form. Ms. Willoughby's copy is the 19 20 best one we have. 21 I think I found -- I can't Α. 22 remember where it was. 23 I think I found it in the copy 24 some other place, but this is the first time 25 I could find it on the packaging. Does that

Page 81 1 make sense? (By Mr. Banner) And you did 0. pretty extensive research to get this? Well, I'm sure I--Did you go over to AIPC's archives 5 0. in his office? 7 I don't know that -- I was over Α. 8 there, but I'm not sure if that's where I 9 got it. It's been so long. 10 But I did pretty good, but, you 11 know, to me, this was enough to prove that 12 case. If I were trying to prove -- I was 13 just wanting to show that they'd used it for 14 a while and that it was puffery. 15 If I had been asked when did they 16 first use it, I would have gone deeper. 17 Okay. I appreciate that. Is the Ο. phrase "America's Favorite," just a phrase? 18 19 Is that pure laudatory to you or puffery? 20 Just "America's Favorite," not Α. 21 pasta? 22 Yeah, just "America's Favorite." 0. 23 Well, yeah, it's -- it's puffery, 24 but it could also be distinctive if you add 25 the element pasta, car, whatever.

	Page 82
1	I mean, if you were to add
2	like, "America's Favorite" is puffery. And I
3	guess it could be "America's Favorite" if it
4	were right next to a logo or, you know,
5	like, "Mueller's is America's Favorite," for
6	example, could be a trademark.
7	Q. Hypothetically, could the I'm
8	going to ask you hypothetically.
9	A. Okay.
10	Q. I just want to get your
11	A. Okay.
12	Qreaction as a brand expert.
13	A. Okay.
14	Q. If you saw the sign "Good food"
15	from a restaurant
16	A. Um-hum.
17	Qwould that be puffery or could
18	that be a brand?
19	A. No name, nothing?
20	Q. Just "Good food."
21	A. Well, if it's not associated with
22	a brand, unless it were like Best Foods.
23	Q. Just a restaurant that
24	A. But is there a restaurant's name
25	on it?

Page 83 1 Q. No, no restaurant name, just the 2 address, like, 2405 Grand, "Good food." 3 A. Well, 2405 would be the name of the restaurant, then. 5 But if you're not -- do you know what I'm saying? I mean--Q. It's just like a very small five-inch high number 2405 on the street of Grand, but it's got in ten-foot letters, 10 "Good food." And it's had those letters for 11 100 years. And it's a restaurant. 12 A. Yeah, I guess it could, then, 13 because I do know -- there's one in New York City called "Good Diner." And that's what it 14 15 is, "Good Diner" and it's trademarked. 16 And you think that there would be 17 a "Good" brand and people would recognize it 18 as a good brand? 19 Probably the designation, if people Α. 20 -- it had been there for 100 years, it 21 probably could be, yeah. 22 Okay. Would your answer change if 0. 23 it was ten years? 24 This is like the prostitution joke, Α. 25 isn't it.

	Page 84
1	Q. I'm sorry.
2	A. You know that one?
3	Q. There isn't any right or wrong.
4	A. Okay. Okay. I mean, I'm trying
5	to well, if you register something in the
6	beginning
7	Q. Please answer my question.
8	Ayou have it gains over time,
9	over time.
10	Q. So ten years would be less than
11	100 years, consistent use?
12	A. You mean I'm not sure what
13	you're asking.
14	You mean, puffery or are you
15	talking about
16	Q. Brand recognition.
17	A. Brand recognition?
18	Q. Brand recognition.
19	A. It builds over time. It builds
20	over time.
21	Q. Okay.
22	A. And with consistent use and with
23	care and things like that. But you've got
24	to you have to take care of it. You
25	can't just throw it around.
1	

_	
	Page 85
	Q. I agree. I agree. We talked
	about the American impact of the packaging
:	A. Um-hum.
ļ	Qthe brand identity of Mueller's.
	5 A. Um-hum.
	Q. The red, white, and blue.
	A. Right.
	Q. And that seems to be consistent
	beginning back there in it doesn't really
1	say this is 1893, but this certainly says
1	1914.
1	A. Right.
1	Q. So that's almost 100 years. 1914
1	to 2006 is
1	5 A. Since 1867.
1	Q. Yeah, but you don't have a picture
1	of what it was in 1867. It could have been
1	in a black box in 1867, right?
1	A. Yeah, but I wasn't trying to do
2	that. Here is 1893. That's as far as I
2	can go back.
2	Q. And in 1893, can you tell me what
2	the packaging looked like?
2	A. Yeah, there it is.
2	Q. That's the 1893 package?

	Page 86
1	A. Yes.
2	Q. Okay. So it is red, white, and
3	blue?
4	A. Yeah, and has a flag on it.
5	Q. Okay. I misunderstood your thing.
6	I thought that this was 1914. So this
7	Exhibit B, the first thing on the left is
8	from 1893.
9	A. Well, let me look. It may have
10	been 1914. I don't know that I have a
11	package from 1893.
12	Q. Okay. That's good enough. But
13	for a long period of time, red, white, and
14	blue has been their principle
15	A. Yeah, but red, white, and blue in
16	a particular order.
17	Q. Okay. Would you explain the
18	order?
19	A. Yes. The package is white.
20	Q. The package is white.
21	A. The tops and bottoms are blue and
22	has a red stripe. It's the arrangement of
23	the colors.
24	Q. And does that arrangement of the
25	colors support the gestalt of the packaging?
Ī	

Page 87 1 Α. It's part of it, yeah. 2 Okay. And if you change the Q. colors, would that adversely impact the--Well, they might change a few for 5 a variety reason or something like that. Occasion-ally, they do that. 7 But for the most part, they're not going -- they're not going to make this blue and make that white (indicated), let me put 9 10 it that way. 11 Comparing that with the Barilla's Ο. 12 box in front of you--13 Right. Α. --I see red, white, and blue on 14 0. 15 that box. 16 Well, yeah, but it's a blue box with a little bit of red on it. This is a 17 18 white box. I agree that it's a solid blue box 19 with a red and white--20 Yeah. But a consumer would never 21 say that's a red, white, and blue box. 2.2 23 a blue box. 24 Okay. 0. That's a white box, at least in my 25 Α.

		Page 88
1	experienc	ce.
2	Q.	Puffery can be a trademark?
3	A.	Yes.
4	Q.	And in this case, on what do you
5	base that	? The "America's Favorite Pasta" is
6	pure puff	ery and it's also a trademark?
7	A.	Yes.
8	Q.	On what facts do you base that
9	conclusio	on?
10	Α.	Well, I base it on two facts.
11		First of all, that many other
12	brands ha	ave done the same thing. I think
13	it's the	same thing as "The greatest show on
14	earth," v	whether it is from the
15	Q.	Yes.
16	Α.	And, I mean, I think it's the same
17	thing as	that. I mean, it's puffery but
18	Q.	But you don't believe it?
19	Α.	Well, they don't not believe it,
20	it's just	part of the deal, you know. It's
21	puffery.	
22		You can't prove it, that's what I
23	mean.	
24		But it's also part of their brand.
25	It's like	e "Coke is the real thing." What's
1		

		Page 89
1	the real	thing? But nobody else can own it.
2	Q.	Do you cook a lot?
3	A.	Yeah.
4	Q.	Do you have cookbooks?
5	A.	Yes, but I don't use them a lot.
6	Q.	I want to show you Applicant's
7	Exhibit 8	7.
8	A.	Okay.
9	Q.	And it's a representation I've
10	taken fro	m the Internet of a book for sale.
11	Have you	ever seen
12	A.	I'm not familiar with that. It's
13	a book?	
14	Q.	It's a book.
15	Α.	Uh-huh.
16	Q.	And can you read it for me?
17	Α.	Yeah, it says Joie Warner's
18	nominated	for the James Beard award spaghetti
19	"America'	s Favorite Pasta."
20	Q.	So it must be pretty good if James
21	Beard	
22	Α.	Oh, yeah, he was the guy.
23	Q.	It's a very expensive book.
24	Α.	Um-hum.
25	Q.	They have it on Amazon from one

Page 90 1 cent up to \$10 or \$15. I wish I had time to buy one. 3 So people use "America's Favorite Pasta" to refer to spaghetti, at least? 5 He put that on there. It's kind of a different category, but I don't know if 7 they -- I don't know if he has registered that or not. I don't know if Mueller has 8 9 gone after him or not, but, you know, they 10 could. 11 Okay. I'm not sure--0. 12 Sometimes, you know, they'll --Α. 13 well, you know this, so--14 No, go ahead. Q. 15 Sometimes in different categories Α. 16 people can use something like look at -- I'll 17 show you an example of what I mean if I can 18 find it here. They do this a lot, in a lot of 19 naming where you'll have, like, a fabricated 20 or metaphorical name and you'll have more 21 22 than one person using it different. Like, Sprint might be in a 23 different category. Or, like, an experimental 24 brand, like, Explorer could be a software 25

Page 91 1 brand or it could be a car, it could be different things. I mean, it depends on the category. I just have -- I want to show you 5 what's known as Opposer's Exhibit No. 59 which was used earlier. 7 Α. Okay. 0. And I'll direct your attention to 9 the Savory Collection. 10 Uh-huh. Α. 11 In your opinion, could that be a 0. 12 brand? That is -- it could be, yeah. 13 Α. Savory Collection could be -- yeah. They're 14 not saying it's spaghetti, they're saying it's 15 16 a collection. And they could possibly turn that 17 into -- it could be a collection of recipes 18 19 or something they have. I don't know really, though. I 20 don't know about that. I'm just thinking. 21 Okay. In your experience as a 22 Ο. person who helps educate professionals about 23 24 branding- -25 Um-hum. Α.

Page 92 1 --do you normally advise people to Q. put the "TM" next to new terms until they're registered? Yes, I do. Q. Do you normally advise your clients to use the "R" in the circle next to their 7 brands? I sure do, but they don't always Α. 9 do it. 10 Good. We're on the same planet. Q. 11 I want to show you from the 12 declaration, which was previously marked as 13 Applicant's Exhibit 88. 14 Α. Okay. 15 And I'd like for you to take a Ο. 16 look at the part that I have--17 Multiple meanings? Α. 18 Yes. Would you read that, please? 0. 19 Yes. "The most important point I Α. 20 wish to make is that the phrase 'America's 21 Favorite ' has multiple meanings. The phrase has no inherent specific subjective meaning or 2.2 23 factual objective meaning." 24 Now, this is a puffery case, 25 remember? "Only when a company links a

Page 93 1 specific claim directly to the words 2 'America's Favorite,' does the phrase acquire 3 a specific meaning to the consumer, i.e., America's Favorite Mustard. A product can be 5 number one in sales or market share, but the phrase 'America's Favorite' does not imply either a subjective or factual meaning until 7 the manufacturer indicates why the product is 9 America's favorite. 10 "In this case of Mueller's, the 11 consumer can taste why Mueller's is 'America's Favorite Pasta.' This phrase completely 12 subjective and considered puffery by consumers. 13 "In my experience, if communication 14 15 -- communicating the fact that the product is number one in sales and important, companies 16 will state a specific claim." 17 18 Okay. Do you still agree with Q. 19 that? Well, okay. I'd like to clarify 20 Α. that. This particular case back then was 21 22 about puffery. And it was -- we were trying to 23 24 show that we were not saying that we could measure it being the most favorite. But 25

Page 94 1 that's what we were saying, it was puffery. It was not the greatest in sales or whatever. 3 Did you get any help in drafting 0. this from anyone? 5 No, no. I did it by myself. Α. And after "America's Favorite 0. 7 Mustard, " will you read what you have in parentheses? 9 "It's number one in U.S. sales." Α. 10 O. Close parenthesis. Why did you 11 put that there? 12 I don't even remember doing that. Α. 13 I'm sorry. Maybe what I meant was -- I think 14 15 there may have been -- I have to go back and look, but I think there may have been a 16 mustard that may have said that we're number 17 one in sales or something. I think that may 18 19 have been what it was. 20 In other words, in that particular 21 case, they talked about it. But saying "favorite," what I meant 22 was saying it's a favorite does not imply 23 that there is a quantitative -- a 24 25 quantitative quality to it.

		Page 95
1	Q.	In preparing for the New World
2	Pasta Com	pany expert witness report
3	A.	Right.
4	Q.	that you did, did you look at
5	the prior	expert witness report presented by
6	or the	declaration by Lloyd Oliver? Do
7	you remem	ber the declaration?
8	A.	Was that the other expert witness?
9	Q.	Yes, he was the guy on the other
10	side.	
11	A.	I probably did, but I don't
12	remember	it.
13	Q.	Would this refresh your
14	recollect	ion?
15	Α.	Oh, okay.
16	Q.	Do you remember reading that?
17	Α.	Vaguely. I'm sure I did.
18	Truthfull	y, I don't remember what it said. I
19	would hav	re when I was younger.
20	Q.	Okay. Do you know whether
21	Mueller's	s packaging still includes the phrase
22	in here i	n your declaration, "Taste why
23	Mueller's	s is America's favorite pasta?"
24	A.	I don't know.
25	Q.	As a branding expert, would you

	Page 96
1	consider that to be a descriptive trademark
2	usage, misuse of trademarks or good trademark
3	usage?
4	A. You're asking me subjectively?
5	Q. I'm asking you as a branding
6	expert.
7	A. I think that would be okay to do
8	because you're asking them to figure out why
9	you think it's their favorite you'll know
10	why it's their favorite based on your
11	opinion.
12	I very seriously doubt that they
13	thought I don't know.
14	I don't know how that came to be,
15	but and I don't know if it was used on the
16	package, now that I think about it, or if it
17	was used in advertising.
18	But, I mean, I don't know. I
19	don't remember.
20	Q. Because it is used on packaging
21	with the
22	MR. BANNER: Do we have a box
23	that has the American flag on it?
24	MR. VAN HOOZER: We did earlier
25	today.

ŧ	Page 97
1	Q. (By Mr. Banner) I'll give you
2	Opposer's Exhibit 12.
3	A. On the back, is that what you're
4	talking about?
5	Q. Yes.
6	A. It says, "For over 135 years,
7	pasta lovers have enjoyed the great taste of
8	Mueller's. Our pasta cooks to perfection, made
9	from durum wheat. Taste why Mueller's is
10	America's favorite pasta."
11	Q. Okay. So for 2003
12	A. And it was Mueller's "Create a
13	Meal" back then, too.
14	Q. It was? Okay. I didn't realize
15	that.
16	So for a period of years, they
17	were using that in their packaging?
18	A. I don't know how often
19	Q. Well, at least
20	A. Well, they used it on this
21	particular package, but I can't say I
22	don't know if they used it for one year or
23	one month.
24	Q. Okay.
25	MR. BANNER: Well, I think I'm
l .	

	Page 98
1	done.
2	MS. BURBACH: I have one question.
3	THE WITNESS: Okay.
4	REDIRECT EXAMINATION
5	BY-MS.BURBACH:
6	Q. If I were to tell you that the
7	manufacturer or the owner of the Mueller's
8	was the only pasta company to ever use
9	"America's Favorite Pasta" on its packaging,
10	would that affect your opinion about the
11	strength of whether "America's Favorite Pasta"
12	could be a trademark and is protectable?
13	A. If you were to tell me they were
14	the only ones that had ever done it?
15	Well, I would say there's a lot
16	less contention about it. And if they've
17	if they've used it over a long period of
18	time and had been the most consistent, I
19	would definitely think that it would they
20	have a right to use it.
21	Because we don't what I don't
22	know is if there was ever any litigation or
23	anything about that a long time ago. I just
24	don't know that.
25	Q. Okay.

	Page 99
1	MS. BURBACH: I think I'm
2	finished. Thank you.
3	One other thing I need to do on
4	the record, I need to move to admit this
5	testimony in the opposition proceeding.
6	THE COURT REPORTER: I need to put
7	on the record about copies.
8	You'll get the original, of course,
9	full size. Do you want a mini copy or a
10	full size for your copy?
11	MS. BURBACH: I think we need full
12	size for the TTAB and, again, it needs to be
13	certified, which we told you about.
14	THE COURT REPORTER: Do you need
15	an ASCII or an e-mail?
16	MS. BURBACH: I would like an
17	e-mail copy.
18	I move to admit the exhibits also
19	in the opposition proceedings.
20	THE COURT REPORTER: And your copy
21	full size?
22	MR. BANNER: I'll do whatever they
23	do. I'm easy.
24	THE COURT REPORTER: Well, you can
25	get the four on a page or just the regular

	Page 100
1	size. Some people like the four on a page
2	because it saves space. Some people hate it
3	because they can't read it.
4	MS. BURBACH: When you get an
5	e-mail version, can't you print it either
6	way? That's the way I've always done it.
7	THE COURT REPORTER: Depends on
8	the program you've got, I guess.
9	MS. BURBACH: I've always been
10	able to print it either way you want it.
11	MR. BANNER: Our printers don't
12	allow us to print that, so I'll take a four
13	on the page.
14	THE COURT REPORTER: A mini copy.
15	Okay. Do you need an ASCII disk or an
16	e-mail copy?
17	MR. BANNER: Yeah, sure. Send me
18	an e-mail copy.
19	(The proceedings concluded at 4:55
20	p.m.)
21	(Witness excused.)
22	•
23	•
24	
25	

1	Ann Willoughby		
2	DESCRIPTION OF EXHIBITS		
3	EXHIBIT	DESCRIPTION	PAGE
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5	9 4	Notice to Take Deposition	22
6	95	Résumé of Ann Willoughby	10
7	96	Willoughby Report	27
8	97	Declaration of Ann Willoughby	61
9			
10	Exhibits	(not attached)	
11	(Exhibit	s retained by Mr. Van Hoozer.)	
12			
13	 		
14			
15			
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18			
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21			
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24			
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11		
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1	Attorney for the Adverse Party was
2	present, and officer was not disqualified as
3	specified in Rule 28 of the Federal Rules of
4	Civil Procedure.
5	I further certify that I am not
6	related to any party herein or their counsel,
7	that I am not clerk or stenographer of either
8	party or of the attorney of either party, and
9	have no interest in the result of this
10	litigation.
11	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto
12	set my hand this 12th day of November, 2006.
13	
14	Balile Jeffele
15	Bobbi J. Pale, CSR, CCR #434
	Certified Court Reporter Missouri Supreme Court
16	State of Missouri
17	
18	j .
19	
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23	
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25	

www.setdepo.com

1	AMENDED CERTIFICATE
2	
3	I Hereby certify that in addition to the
4	certification made on the Reporter's
5	Certificate Pages, this Original Deposition
6	has been sealed pending the witness' right to
7	review said deposition within 30 days, which
8	time has not elapsed.
9	
10	SetDepo, Inc.
11	
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Toll Free: 1.800.451.3376 Facsimile: 1.888.451.3376 www.setdepo.com Ann Willoughby

November 3, 2006

Page 105 CERTIFICATE STATE OF CALIFORNIA COUNTY/CITY OF SAN FRANCISCO 3 Before me, this day, personally appeared, Ann Willoughby, who, being duly sworn, states that the foregoing transcript of his/her Deposition, taken in the matter, on the date, and at the time and place set out on the title page hereof, constitutes a true and accurate transcript of said 10 deposition. 11 ann Willoughby 12 13 14 SUBSCRIBED and SWORN to before me this 15 30 day of November, 2006 in the jurisdiction afforesaid. 17 18 Notary Public Commission Expires 19 20,2010 20 21 ROBERT VAN HOOREBEKE 22 Commission # 1668389 Notary Public - California San Francisco County 23 My Comm. Expires May 20, 2010 24 25

		Page 106
1		DEPOSITION ERRATA SHEET
2		
3	RE:	SetDepo, Inc.
4	File No.	11712
5	Case Caption:	American Italian Pasta Co. Vs.
6	Barilla G. E. R.	FRATELLI-SOCIETA PER AZIONI
7		fun Willongel
8	Deponent:	Ann Willoughby
9	Deposition Date:	November 3, 2006
10		
11	To the Reporter:	; ; ;
12	I have read the	entire transcript of my
13	Deposition taken	in the captioned matter or
14	the same has bee	en read to me. I request
15	that the followi	ng changes be entered upon
16	the record for t	the reasons indicated. I
17	have signed my n	name to the Errata Sheet and
18	the appropriate	Certificate and authorize you
19	to attach both t	to the original transcript.
20	•	
21	Page No. Lir	ne No. Change to: Wellege, add began worky Wellege, worky Wesign in 1972 and Willoughly Design in ge:
22	started our busines	20 1972 and Willoughly Disign in
23		
24		ne No. Change to: 7 add Board Member.
25	6010	

Ann Willoughby

November 3, 2006

	aun W	Monga	Page 107
1	Reason for	change:	
2	Page No.	Line No.	Change to:
3	<i>[                                    </i>	3	resume
4	Reason for	change:-	lling
5	Page No.	Line No.	Change to:
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7	Reason for	change:	
8	Page No.	Line No.	Change to:
9	12	21	lesune
10	Reason for	change:	een
11	Deposition	of Ann Will	oughby
12	•		
13	Page No.	Line No.	Change to:
14	44	5	esteem
15	Reason for	change:	
16	Page No.	Line No.	Change to:
17	56	21/22	their derson woods
18	Reason for	change:	00
19	Page No.	Line No.	Change to:
20	81	4	ada Did.
21	Reason for	change:	
22	Page No.	Line No.	Change to:
23	94	2425	Change to:
24	Reason for	change:	
25	Page No.	Line No.	Change to:
1			

Ann Willoughby

November 3, 2006

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			Page	108
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2		Reason for change:		
3		Page No. Line No. Change to:		
4				
5		Reason for change:		
6		-		
7				
8		SIGNATURE:DATE:		<u> </u>
9		Ann Willoughby		

# Issued by the UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

WESTERN	DISTRICT OF MISSOURI
American Italian Pasta Company, Opposer V.	SUBPOENA IN A CIVIL CASE
Barilla G. E R. Fratelli-Societa, Applicant	Case Number: Opposition No. 91161373
TO: Anne Willoughby 602 Westport Road Kansas City, Missouri 64111	
☐ YOU ARE COMMANDED to appear in the testify in the above case.	United States District court at the place, date, and time specified below
PLACE OF TESTIMONY	COURTROOM
	DATE AND TIME
YOU ARE COMMANDED to appear at the p	lace, date, and time specified below to testify at the taking of a deposition
LACE OF DEPOSITION	DATE AND TIME
Lovey Williams LLP, 2405 Grand Blvd., Suite 400, Kansas City, N	1O 64131 November 2, 2006 at 10:30 a.m.
place, date, and time specified below (list do	ermit inspection and copying of the following documents or objects at the cuments or objects):
PLACE	
☐ YOU ARE COMMANDED to permit inspec	tion of the following premises at the date and time specified below.
PREMISES	DATE AND TIME
Any organization not a party to this suit that is sub directors, or managing agents, or other persons who c matters on which the person will testify. Federal Rule	poenaed for the taking of a deposition shall designate one or more officers, consent to testify on its behalf, and may set forth, for each person designated, the is of Civil Procedure, 30(b)(6).
ISSUING OFFICER'S SIGNATURE AND TITLE (INDICATE II	ATTORNEY FOR PLAINTIFF OR DEFENDANT)  DATE  October 24, 2006
ISSUING OFFICER'S NAME, ADDRESS AND PHONE NUME Thomas Van Hoozer, Hover Williams, Lly, 2405 Grand, Blvd., S	ER uite 400, Kansas City, MO 64108, (816) 474.9050
(See Rule 45. Fee	eral Rules of Civil Procedure, Parts C & D on next procedure

v. Barilla Alimentare S.P.A Opposition No. 91161373 Opposer's Exhibit <u>93</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> If action is pending in district other than district of issuance, state district under case number.

AO88 (Rev. 1/94) Subpoena in a Civil	Case	
	PF	ROOF OF SERVICE
	DATE	PLACE
SERVED		
SERVED ON (PRINT NAME)		MANNER OF SERVICE
SERVED BY (PRINT NAME)		TYTLE
	DECL	ARATION OF SERVER
I declare under penalty contained in the Proof of Se	of perjury under the larvice is true and correc	aws of the United States of America that the foregoing information t.
Executed on		
Executed on	DATE	SIGNATURE OF SERVER
		ADDRESS OF SERVER

Rule 45, Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Parts C & D:

### (c) PROTECTION OF PERSONS SUBJECT TO SUBPOENAS.

- (1) A party or an attorney responsible for the issuance and service of a subpoena shall take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense in a person subject to that subpoena. The court on behalf of which the subpoena was issued shall enforce this duty and impose upon the party or attorney in breach of this duty an appropriate sanction which may include, but is not limited to, lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fee.
- (2) (A) A person commanded to produce and permit inspection and copying of designated books, papers, documents or tangible things, or inspection of premises need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless commanded to appear for deposition, hearing or trial.
- (B) Subject to paragraph (d) (2) of this rule, a person commanded to produce and permit inspection and copying may, within 14 days after service of subpoena or before the time specified for compliance if such time is less than 14 days after service, serve upon the party or attorney designated in the subpoena written objection to inspection or copying of any or all of the designated materials or of the premises. If objection is made, the party serving the subpoena shall not be entitled to inspect and copy materials or inspect the premises except pursuant to an order of the court by which the subpoena was issued. If objection has been made, the party serving the subpoena may, upon notice to the person commanded to produce, move at any time for an order to compel the production. Such an order to comply production shall protect any person who is not a party or an officer of a party from significant expense resulting from the inspection and copying commanded.
- (3) (A) On timely motion, the court by which a subpoena was issued shall quash or modify the subpoena if it
  - (i) fails to allow reasonable time for compliance,
- (ii) requires a person who is not a party or an officer of a party to travel to a place more than 100 miles from the place where that person resides, is employed or regularly transacts business in person, except that, subject to the provisions of clause (c) (3) (B) (iii) of this rule, such a person may in order to attend

trial be commanded to travel from any such place within the state in which the trial is held, or

- (iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter and no exception or waiver applies, or
  - (iv) subjects a person to undue burden.

#### (B) If a subpoena

- (i) requires disclosure of a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information, or
- (ii) requires disclosure of an unretained expert's opinion or information not describing specific events or occurrences in dispute and resulting from the expert's study made not at the request of any party, or
- (iii) requires a person who is not a party or an officer of a party to incur substantial expense to travel more than 100 miles to attend trial, the court may, to protect a person subject to or affected by the subpoena, quash or modify the subpoena, or, if the party in who behalf the subpoena is issued shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship and assures that the person to whom the subpoena is addressed will be reasonably compensated, the court may order appearance or production only upon specified conditions.

#### (d) DUTIES IN RESPONDING TO SUBPOENA.

- (1) A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents shall produce them as they are kept in the usual course of business or shall organize and label them to correspond with the categories in the demand.
- (2) When information subject to a subpoena is withheld on a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial preparation materials, the claim shall be made expressly and shall be supported by a description of the nature of the documents, communications, or things not produced that is sufficient to enable the demanding party to contest the claim.

Ex. 94

### IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE BEFORE THE TRADEMARK TRIAL AND APPEAL BOARD

AMERICAN ITALIAN PASTA COMPANY	)	
Onnoor	)	Opposition No. 91-161,373
Opposer,	)	
v.	ý	
	)	
BARILLA G. E R. FRATELLI - SOCIETA	)	
PER AZIONI,	)	
Applicant.	)	

### NOTICE TO TAKE DEPOSITION

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that, pursuant to 37 C.F.R. 2.123, Opposer American Italian Pasta Company, by and through its attorneys, will take the deposition of Anne Willoughby in Opposer's case-in-chief, during its testimony period, before a Notary Public, or other officer authorized to administer oaths, commencing Thursday, November 2, 2006, at 10:30 a.m. at the offices of Hovey Williams LLP, 2405 Grand Boulevard, Suite 400, Kansas City, Missouri.

You are invited to attend and cross-examine.

AMERICAN ITALIAN PASTA COMPANY

By:

Thomas H. Van Hoozer, Reg. No. 32,761

Cheryl L. Burbach Attorneys for Opposer Hovey, Williams LLP

2405 Grand Blvd., Suite 400

Kansas City, Missouri 64108

(816) 474-9050

### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I hereby certify that a copy of the foregoing Notice To Take Deposition was served by telefacsimile and first class mail, postage prepaid, this 24<sup>th</sup> day of October, 2006, on the following:

G. Franklin Rothwell Brian E. Banner ROTHWELL, FIGG, ERNST & MANBECK P.C. 1425 K Street, NW, Suite 800 Washington, DC 20005

Fax: (202) 783-6031

1 Auchbray



### **United States Patent and Trademark Office**





### Electronic System for Trademark Trials and Appeals

### Receipt

Your submission has been received by the USPTO. The content of your submission is listed below. You may print a copy of this receipt for your records.

ESTTA Tracking number: ESTTA105882

Filing date:

10/24/2006

### IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE BEFORE THE TRADEMARK TRIAL AND APPEAL BOARD

Proceeding	91161373
Party	Plaintiff American Italian Pasta Company
Correspondence Address  THOMAS H. VAN HOOZER HOVEY WILLIAMS LLP 2405 GRAND BLVD. SUITE 400 KANSAS, MO 64108  clb@hoveywilliams.com	
Submission Plaintiff's Notice of Taking Testimony	
Filer's Name Thomas H. Van Hoozer	
Filer's e-mail	tvh@hoveywilliams.com, clb@hoveywilliams.com, krb@hoveywilliams.com
Signature	/Thomas H. Van Hoozer/
Date 10/24/2006	
Attachments NOTICE OF DEPOSITION for Anne Willoughby.pdf ( 2 pages ) bytes )	

Return to ESTTA home page Start another ESTTA filing

| .HOME | INDEX | SEARCH | eBUSINESS | CONTACT US | PRIVACY STATEMENT

(IV of Ann Willoughby (newrupaload)

Ex. 95

### Ann Willoughby

Work: Willoughby Design Group

602 Westport Road Home: 1025 W. 60<sup>th</sup> Terrace Kansas City, MO 64111 Kansas city, MO 64113 Phone: 816-561-4189 Phone: 816-333-6417 Fax: 816-561-5052 Fax: 816-333-3190

I am a brand designer and the owner and founder of Willoughby design Group. My firm specializes in brand and communications design for corporate, institutional and retail manufacturers of branded and packaged goods.

I am currently president and CEO of Willoughby design Group located in Kansas City, Missouri. We have a staff of 18. We provide strategic services and brand identity design, positioning, naming, and design for brand communications, environment, packaged goods and services. Our clients include Hallmark Cards, Lee Jeans, Interstate Brands Corporation (Wonder Bread, Butternut, Hostess and Dolly Madison), Kauffman foundation, Playtex and Best Choice.

Willoughby Design Group has developed packaging and brand identity design for Max Factor, Oil of Olay, Camay, Weight Watchers, Pampers, Hills Science Diet, Black and Decker, among others.

Professional Associations
AIGA National Board of Directors
AIGA National Board for Center for Brand Experience
AIGA Center for Sustainable Design
AIGA Kansas City Chapter Advisory Board
HOW Magazine Editorial Board
Kansas City Ad Club member

Civic Boards Kansas City Zoo Board De La Salle Board

In 2005 AIGA Kansas awarded the 2005 Fellow Award to Ann Willoughby. The AIGA Fellow Award recognizes design professionals who have raised the standards of excellence in practice and conduct within their local or regional design community as well as in their local AIGA chapter. The areas of education, writing, leadership, reputation and the practice of design are considered in measuring the award candidate' significant contributions.

2006

BrandingUSA (Graphis) Juror's Choice Award 7 Awards

STEP INSIDE DESIGN 100

2 Awards

Chen Design 2 Awards

Omni's – American Advertising Awards (Ad Club of Kansas City) 5 Silver Awards 11 Bronze Awards

2005

Graphic Design America 3 (Rockport Publishers) (WDG named one of the best firms in the country)
4 Items included

AIGA Kansas City Best of Show 13 Awards

HOW International Design Award 1 Award

HOW Self Promotion Design Annual 4 Awards

HOW Perfect 10 Award

2004

Omni's – American Advertising Awards (Ad Club of Kansas City)

2003

Omni's – American Advertising Awards (Ad Club of Kansas City) 3 Gold Awards

3 Silver Awards

HOW International Design Award 1 Outstanding Achievement Award

### 2 Merit Awards

2002

Omni's - American Advertising Awards (Ad Club of Kansas City)

Best of Show in Print

4 Gold Awards

5 Silver Awards

Mature Media Bronze Award

HOW International Design Award International Design Annual

Graphic Design: USA

Awards for WDG Marketing Materials and Lee Jeans Press Kit

**HOW Self-Promotion Competition** 

1 Award

HOW Magazine Self-Promotional Annual

Prism Award

2001

Omni's-American Advertising Awards (Ad Club of Kansas City)

Best of Show

6 Gold Awards

5 Silver Awards

3 Bronze Awards

HOW Magazine International Design Annual

1 Merit Award

**HOW Magazine Self Promotion Competition** 

4 Awards

2000/2001

AAF 9<sup>th</sup> District ADDY Competition

6 ADDY Awards

4 Citations of Excellence

2001

Graphic Design: USA American Graphic Design Award

Graphis Letterhead 5

1 Award

National Mature Media Awards

2 Awards

1999/2000 AAF 9th District ADDY 2 Citations Of Excellence 2000 Omni's - American Advertising Awards (Ad Club of Kansas City) 4 Gold Awards 8 Silver Awards 7 Bronze Awards PRINT's Regional Design Annual 2 Awards 1999 Omni's - American Advertising Awards (Ad Club of Kansas City) 4 Gold Awards 5 Silver Awards 9 Bronze Awards 1998 Omni's – American Advertising Awards (Ad Club of Kansas City) 2 Gold Awards 1996 Omni's - American Advertising Awards (Ad Club of Kansas City) 7 Gold Awards 1992 and 1990 Kansas City Art Director's Show 1 Gold Award each year 1989 Kansas City Art Director's Show 1 Silver Award 1988 University and College Designers Association 1 Award 1988 Omni's - American Advertising Awards (Ad Club of Kansas City) 1 Gold Award 3 Silver Awards 1988 Kansas City Art Director's Show 1 Silver Award Print Magazine's Regional Design Annual 3 Awards 1987

Communication Arts Design Annual

1 Award

1987

Omni's – American Advertising Awards (Ad Club of Kansas City)

1 Gold Award

2 Silver Awards

1987

Kansas City Art Director's Show

6 Gold Awards

1987

New York Art Director's Show

1 Award

Print Magazine's Regional Design Annual

3 Awards

1986

Kansas City Art Director's Show

2 Gold Awards1 Silver Award

Omni's – American Advertising Awards (Ad Club of Kansas City)

1 Gold Award

5 Silver Awards

Print Magazine's Regional Design Award

2 Awards

#### **Publications**

2005

Communication Arts released its infamous Design Annual for the 46<sup>th</sup> time, which carries with it Willoughby work in two categories.

HOW magazine honors Willoughby design group for the second month in a row in their special business issue. HOW Perfect 10 is awarded to entries that exhibit a perfect marriage of aesthetic, concept, materials and production. Only ten receive the distinguished award.

Ann Willoughby takes top billings in a special "Women of Design" issue of STEP Inside Design.

Tivol's fall/winter issue of Accent: The Magazine of Luxury Living. Its pages feature an article written by our own Ann Willoughby detailing concept through completion of the luxurious new Tivol Packaging.

The Rules of the Red Rubber Ball once again proves it noteworthiness as a finalist in Mohawk Show 6, showcasing the best projects of the year printed on Mohawk paper, this publication is also a sample that reps at Mohawk will proudly distribute to designers around the country.

**Teaching Experience** 

I have taught at the University of Kansas and the Kansas City Art Institute. As a visiting professor at KU I was instrumental in building a pilot program that helped graduating seniors and business create successful hiring models.

### **Expert Testimony**

In June 1994, I testified as an expert witness in the field of brand design on behalf of Luzier in the case of Bath & Body Works, Inc. and Baths, Inc. v. Luzier Personalized Cosmetics in the United States District Court for the Southern District of Ohio.

American Italian Pasta Company v. New World Pasta Company

REPORT OF ANN WILLOUGHBY February 21, 2003

American Italian Pasta Company
V.
Barilla Alimentare S.P.A
Opposition No. 91161373
Opposer's Exhibit <u>96</u>

- 1. I am a brand designer and the owner and founder of Willoughby Design Group. My firm specializes in brand and communications design for corporate, institutional and retail manufacturers of branded and packaged goods. I have over 30 years experience as a professional designer and brand consultant. I have authored an article entitled "the Design Capital of America," which appeared in Ingram's Magazine November 2002 edition. A copy is attached.
- 2. I have been retained by Hovey Williams, LLP on behalf of American Italian Pasta Company to review the written submissions to the court, including the complaint, the answer and counterclaim, the motions and responses, and the exhibits thereto, the dried pasta sections of markets, including displays of the Mueller's dry pasta products, the use of advertising slogans on packaging for consumer products or advertising of such slogans, any other materials necessary to conduct a study, and preparation of a report setting forth my finding and opinions in the case of AIPC v. New World Pasta now pending in the United States District Court for the Western District of Missouri, Western Division.
- 3. I am currently President and CEO of Willoughby Design Group located in Kansas City, Missouri. We have a staff of 18. We provide strategic services and brand identity design, positioning, naming, and design for brand communications, environments, packaged goods and services. Our clients include Hallmark Cards, Lee Jeans, Interstate Brands Corporation (Wonder Bread, Butternut, Hostess and Dolly Madison), The Kauffman Foundation, Playtex and Best Choice.
- 4. Willoughby Design Group has developed packaging and brand identity design for Max Factor, Oil of Olay, Camay, Weight Watchers, Pampers, Hills Science Diet, and Black and Decker, among others.
- 5. I provide advice to companies on brand and trademark issues and occasionally I have consulted with law firms on issues involving brand, trademark and trade dress.
- 6. In June 1994, I testified as an expert witness in the field of brand design on behalf of Luzier in the case of Bath & Body Works, Inc. and Baths, Inc. v. Luzier Personalized Cosmetics in the United States District Court for the Southern District of Ohio.
- 7. In addition to the clients that Willoughby Design Group serves, I am active on two National Design Boards. As a board member of AIGA (American Institute of Graphic Arts) I am responsible to 17,000 design professionals and students in design schools by providing guidance on ethics, business practices and advice on design issues. The AIGA board helps set design policy for our members and is the leading advocate for design thinking and education in the US. I am currently working on developing new standards for judging the AIGA 365 design competition on Brand Strategy and Brand Design Systems (this includes packaging). The AIGA 365 competition is the premier graphic design competition in the US. I am a judge in this year's show for Comprehensive Brand Strategies and Corporate Communications Design. I was also a judge for the 2002 competition and the 1999 competition. I am helping develop a pilot program for Executive Design Leadership at Harvard in August 2003.

- 18. The phrase, "America's Favorite" is an expression that has been used since the founding of our country to express patriotic ideals. A Google search turned up 647,000 uses of this phrase (see exhibit G) and most of these are pure puffery, i.e. "America's Favorite Son." The most important point I wish to make is that the phrase "America's Favorite" has multiple meanings. The phrase has no inherent specific subjective meaning or factual (objective) meaning. Only when a company links a specific claim directly to the words "America's Favorite" does the phrase acquire a specific meaning to the consumer, i.e. America's Favorite Mustard (is #1 in US sales.) A product can be #1 in sales or market share, but the phrase "America's Favorite" does not imply either a subjective or factual meaning until the manufacturer indicates why the product is America's favorite. In the case of Mueller's the consumer can "Taste why Mueller's is America's favorite pasta." This phrase is completely subjective and is considered puffery by consumers. In my experience if communicating the fact that the product is #1 in sales is important, companies will state a specific claim.
- 19. The Mueller's brand has evolved over a long period and the trade dress elements of the brand identity that are part of the trademark were first used starting in the early 1900's and thus have equity with consumers. The first use of the phrase "America's Favorite" on the Mueller's packaging was in the mid-fifties.
- 20. Mueller's brand identity (image) and trade dress was established over the past 100 years. Over the decades, consumers and generations of families have purchased the Mueller's brand based on their family experience and recognition of the product through advertising, promotions and packaging. Of these three forms of brand communication, product packaging is the most critical in terms of providing consistent visual and verbal clues and signals so that consumers can locate the product in self-service grocery chains. Notice how beer, Coke, Campbell's Soup and most packaged good products change in very small steps over the years. Even when commercials change the core products, package design and trade dress features remain consistent on TV and in the store. Coke is associated with red, Wonder Bread owns dots, BMW owns the "Ultimate Driving Machine," Hush Puppy owns "The World's Most Comfortable Shoe," Chevy owns "Like a Rock". Manufactures literally own these trade dress elements because consumers associate these visual and verbal words and graphics with the brands they buy.
- 21. It was the early positioning of Mueller's as an American brand, expressed in packaging through the white package with patriotic colors and symbols, that established the brand heritage that would help Mueller's build a lasting consumer bond as a trusted brand.

Advertising, pasta shapes (with American names like elbow, noodles, shells, twist, along with American recipes reinforced the association of Mueller's with American pride, home cooking in war time and peace throughout the 20<sup>th</sup> century.

Note in Exhibit B, Mueller's packaging from 1914 (the first sample found). The packaging design has remained true to their core brand trade dress although the fonts and images have been updated. Today's packaging still has dominant blue ends with a small red stripe and a white field where the brand name and brand elements are used. From 1914 until 2003 the Mueller's name is consistently red. The first use (that we have) of the flag as a trademark is in 1914. In fact, people referred to Mueller's as the flag brand during the early 1900s. Today the flag is used in a more modern form as part of the trade

I am a founding member of the AIGA Center for Brand Experience, a national organization that has over 300 US members from many disciplines that promote dialogue on the impact of brands and modern culture on global society. We are considered to be one of the leading sources of brand thinking in the United States. See also extended bio information attached.

- 8. My compensation for my work in this matter is at the rate of \$350 per hour, my associate's rate is \$ 150 per hour.
- 9. In conducting my investigation in this case, I have reviewed the complaint, counterclaim, motions, responses on summary judgments and the attached exhibits, the Wind study, and other documents produced by AIPC.
- 10. I reviewed a variety of products marketed to the public.
- 11. I have visited grocery chains in the Washington DC area, Easton, Maryland, Kansas City, and the commissary in Leavenworth, Kansas. I purchased and reviewed the packaging of pasta products manufactured by AIPC, New World Pasta and Barilla, plus a few other imported Italian brands. See Exhibit A.
- 12. I have reviewed literature, promotions, advertising, and packaging developed by Mueller over the past 100 years. I have reviewed the websites of the parties involved. See time line Exhibit B.
- 13. I have reviewed articles such as that recently appearing in the Wall Street Journal and researched on the internet and in trade books to document examples of puffery as an American tradition in brand names and slogans used in commerce over the past century. See exhibits C-G.
- 14. As a practicing design strategist, I have extensive experience in consumer-packaged goods sold in grocery, drug and retail chains. I am qualified to comment on brand development and proprietary components of trade dress such as symbols, colors, logos, words, packaging and package forms (proprietary shapes as with the Coke bottle). I also understand how these elements work together on a package and as a shelf set to create brand equity for the manufacturer. My company has developed and managed major brands of packaged goods for years. For example, we have developed extensive consumer research materials in an effort to help Wonder Bread, Butternut, Hostess and Dolly Madison brand managers understand consumer's perception of the equity or value in elements of their trade dress. We test names and trademark elements, like the heart icon on Hostess. We look at trade dress colors and patterns like the blue checkerboard pattern on Butternut or the dot pattern on Wonder Bread. As we "evolve" the brand and packaging design it is critical to have feedback and permission from the consumer to change even the smallest detail because any disconnect with the consumer whether it be color, words or icons can impact sales if consumers are confused about the brand.
- 15. It is my opinion that Mueller's use of the words "America's Favorite Pasta" is pure puffery. I will provide examples and historical insight that shows consumers not only know the difference between puffery and fact, but also embrace puffery as a shared cultural and emotional tradition of commerce.

dress and brand identity as a more symbol icon (stars and stripes) than a descriptive symbol. See Exhibit H

22. In conclusion, these are my observations:

•The phrase "America's Favorite Pasta" has multiple meanings that are subjective as used by Mueller's.

•The word "favorite" is subjective and has hundreds of meanings.

•Mueller doesn't use the statement "America's Favorite Pasta" in conjuncture with one of the possible measurable meanings of favorite, i.e. number one in sales, market share etc.

• The only reference to the meaning of "America's Favorite Pasta" on the packaging is "raste" which is also a subjective term.

•AIPC's use of the term "Ametica's Pavorite Pasta" on Mueller's packaging is puffery and has no impact on the purchasing decision of the consumer other than brand recognition.

•Mueller's has used the phrase "America's Favorite" beginning in the 1950's on either packaging or in promotions.

•The phrase "America's Favorite Pasta," the colors, logo, patriotic symbols and American associations (as distinct from Italian, see Exhibit I) are all part of Mueller's long brand heritage and are familiar to generations of American families.

•Mueller's brand heritage is expressed in these trade dress features, evolved over 100 years

with cultural and commercial acceptance.

•All of these trade dress features, including the phrase "America's Favorite Pasca," serve as a trademark function and help consumers recognize the Mueller's brand.

Man Willoughby 02/21/03

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- •The word "favorite" is subjective and has hundreds of meanings.
- •Mueller doesn't use the statement "America's Favorite Pasta" in conjuncture with one of the possible measurable meanings of favorite, i.e. number one in sales, market share etc.
- The only reference to the meaning of "America's Favorite Pasta" on the packaging is "taste" which is also a subjective term.
- •AIPC's use of the term "America's Favorite Pasta" on Mueller's packaging is puffery and has no impact on the purchasing decision of the consumer other than brand recognition.
- •Mueller's has used the phrase "America's Favorite" beginning in the 1950's on either packaging or in promotions.
- The phrase "America's Favorite Pasta," the colors, logo, patriotic symbols and American associations (as distinct from Italian, see Exhibit I) are all part of Mueller's long brand heritage and are familiar to generations of American families.
- •Mueller's brand heritage is expressed in these trade dress features, evolved over 100 years with cultural and commercial acceptance.
- All of these trade dress features, including the phrase "America's Favorite Pasta," serve as a trademark function and help consumers recognize the Mueller's brand.

	•
Ann Willoughby	Date

### Ann Willoughby

Work: Willoughby Design Group

602 Westport Rd Home: 1025 W. 60<sup>th</sup> Terrace Kansas City, MO 64111 Kansas City, MO 64113 Phone: 816-561-4189 Phone: 816-333-6417 Fax: 816-561-5052 Fax: 816-333-3190

I am a brand designer and the owner and founder of Willoughby Design Group. My firm specializes in brand and communications design for corporate, institutional and retail manufacturers of branded and packaged goods.

I am currently President and CEO of Willoughby Design Group located in Kansas City, Missouri. We have a staff of 18. We provide strategic services and brand identity design, positioning, naming, and design for brand communications, environments, packaged goods and services. Our clients include Hallmark Cards, Lee Jeans, Interstate Brands Corporation (Wonder Bread, Butternut, Hostess and Dolly Madison), Kauffman Foundation, Playtex and Best Choice.

Willoughby Design Group has developed packaging and brand identity design for Max Factor, Oil of Olay, Camay, Weight Watchers, Pampers, Hills Science Diet, Black and Decker, among others.

Professional Associations
AIGA National Board of Directors
AIGA National Board for Center for Brand Experience
AIGA Kansas City Chapter Advisory Board
HOW Magazine Editorial Board
Kansas City Ad Club member

Civic Boards Kansas City Zoo Board De La Salle Board

My company, Willoughby Design Group, has received a number of national and regional awards for brand identity design including:

- a. 2002 How Magazine Self-Promotion Annual
- b. 2002 Prism Award
- c. 2001 Omni's American Advertising Awards (Ad Club of Kansas City) Best of Show
  - 6 Gold Awards
  - 5 Silver Awards
  - 3 Bronze Awards

- d. 2001 How Magazine International Design Annual
  1 Merit Award
- e. 2001 How Magazine Self Promotion Competition 4 Awards
- f. 2000/2001 AAF 9th District ADDY Competition
   6 ADDY Awards
   4 Citations of Excellence
- g. 2001 Graphic Design:usa American Graphic Design Award
- h. 2001-Graphis Letterhead 5 1 Award
- i. 2001 National Mature Media Awards 2 Awards
- j. 1999/2000 AAF 9th District ADDY Competition2 Citations of Excellence
- k. 2000 Omni's American Advertising Awards (Ad Club of Kansas City)
  4 Gold Awards
  8 Silver Awards
  7 Bronze Awards
- 2000 PRINT's Regional Design Annual
   Awards
- m. 1999 Omni's American Advertising Awards (Ad Club of Kansas City)
  4 Gold Awards
  5 Silver Awards
  9 Bronze Awards
- n. 1998 Omni's American Advertising Awards (Ad Club of Kansas City) 2 Gold Awards
- o. 1996 Omni's American Advertising Awards (Ad Club of Kansas City) 7 Gold Awards
- p. 1992 and 1990 Kansas City art Director's Show
   1 Gold Award each year
- q. 1989 Kansas City Art Director's Show1 Silver Award
- r. 1988 University and College Designers Association
   1 Award

- s. 1988 Omni's American Advertising Awards (Ad Club of Kansas City) 1 Gold Award 3 Silver Awards
- t. 1988 Kansas City Art Directors Show 1 Silver Award
- u. Print Magazine's Regional Design Annual3 Awards
- v. 1987 Communication Arts Design Annual 1 Award
- w. 1987 Omni's American Advertising Awards (Ad Club of Kansas City)
  1 Gold Award
  2 Silver Awards
- x. 1987 Kansas City Art Director's Show
   6 Gold Awards
- y. 1987 New York Art Director's Show 1 Award
- z. 1987 Print Magazine's Regional Design Annual
   3 Awards
- aa. 1986 Kansas City Art Director's Show2 Gold Awards1 Silver Award
- bb. 1986 Omni's American Advertising Awards (Ad Club of Kansas City) 1 Gold Award
  - 5 Silver Awards
- cc. 1986 Print Magazine's Regional Design Annual 2 Awards

Teaching Experience

I have taught at the University of Kansas and the Kansas City Art Institute. As a visiting professor at KU I was instrumental in building a pilot program that helped graduating seniors and business create successful hiring models.

Expert Testimony

In June 1994, I testified as an expert witness in the field of brand design on behalf of Luzier in the case of Bath & Body Works, Inc. and Baths, Inc. v. Luzier Personalized Cosmetics in the United States District Court for the Southern District of Ohio.

### sales&marketing

# THE DESIGN CAPITAL OF AMERICA IT'S WELL WITHIN OUR REACH



Ingram's October cover headline, "Building a Greater Kansas City, The Architectural/Design Capital of America," caught my attention. I love the sound of "The design capital of America" as in "I am from Kansas City, you know, the design capital." But is it possible? Or even desirable?

I think it is not only possible for Kansas City to be one of the leading design centers in the world, it is one of the best opportunities for KC to succeed as an economic leader in coming decades. Please allow me to explain and perhaps paint a somewhat optimistic, but entirely plausible, picture of how this scenario might unfold.

Richard Florida, author of The Rise of the Creative Class, says, "Human creativity—the ability to generate and implement new ideas—is the key to economic growth." If this is true, and I believe it is, Kansas City should

welcome talented young designers, scientists, engineers, architects, researchers, artists and writers with open arms. We should support and nurture the creative communities that already exist.

Back in the 1970s, I started my design business in the newly developed Westport Square. It was a moment when almost every

business in Westport was run by a young entrepreneur. Westport was a cluster of creative people who fed off of each other's enthusiasm, ideas and mutual support. And everyone wanted to be near what was then Kansas City's creative epicenter. However, an important ingredient in Westport's early success was the corporate and civic investment, both economic and social.

So what will it take for Kansas City to become a creative design center in this decade when the bottom line is often the most immediate factor in determining our investment strategies?

Perhaps we need a better understanding of the valuelink between the creative factor and Kansas City's future economic, social and cultural health.

The creative factor is about investing in people and the creative environment that nurtures them. No one could have predicted that Joyce Hall would have started a social

expression empire or that Ewing Kauffman would build a multi-billion dollar pharmaceutical company.

We became the engineering hub in the early twentieth century because bright young engineers like Clinton Burns and Robert McDonnell, E.B. Black and Tom Veatch were on the leading edge of solving the technical and geographic transportation problems of their day. They built bridges, clean water and sewage facilities, tunnels, highways, airports, power plants: the physical infrastructure for our young country.

Because of this legacy, our engineering firms design the most famous stadiums in the world today.

Because of Joyce Hall's legacy to design, Hallmark is still able to recruit top design talent out of the best design schools and pay them competitive national wages.

The ability of a city to attract the best creative minds

One way to realize this vision

of growth is to invite and

support the next generation

of KC husiness. Be a mentor.

and knowledge-based workers ultimately helps business and fosters entrepreneurs (think Hallmark, Cerner, Sprint, Marion Labs, Black & Veatch). As companies move from tangible, physical assets as their primary sources of wealth to intellectual capital, these young minds will create new wealth in patents, brands and

processes that will drive growth and value in the future.

One way to realize this vision of growth is to invite and support the next generation of KC business. Be a mentor. Share your passion and expertise. Help nurture ideas and show enthusiasm for fledgling efforts. By being responsive and open to creative new ideas, the arts, science and technology, you are surely contributing to a stronger (and more interesting) Kansas City business community.

And, to the possibility that we all can proudly say we are from "the design capital of the United States."

Ann Willoughby is Founder and President of Kansas City-based Willoughby Design Group founded in 1978. She is on the AIGA National Board of Directors and the steering committee of AIGA Brand Experience. You can reach her at ann@willoughbydesign.com or at 816-561-4189.

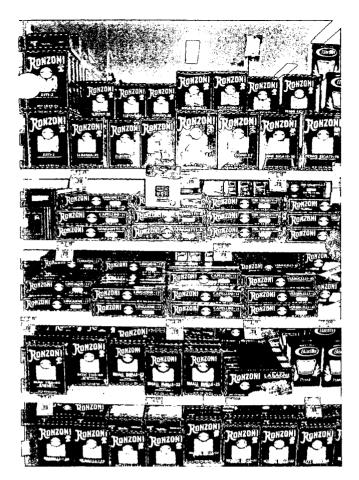
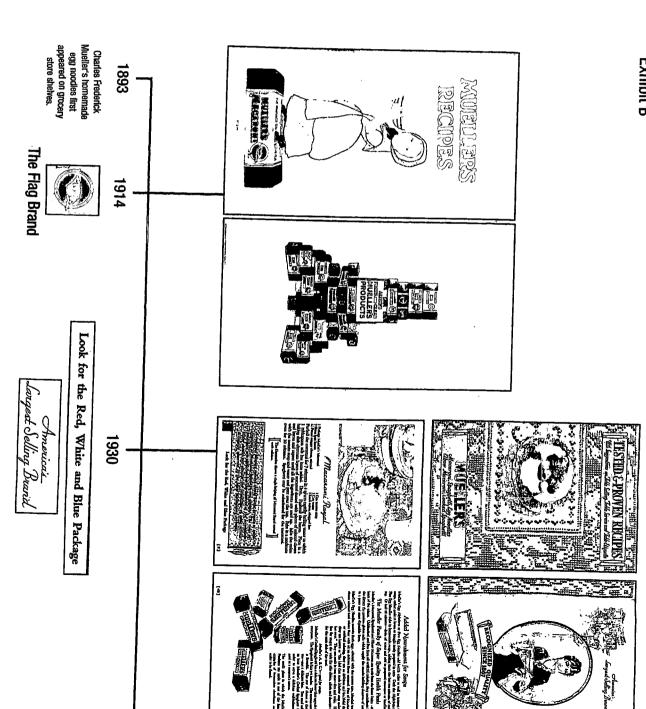


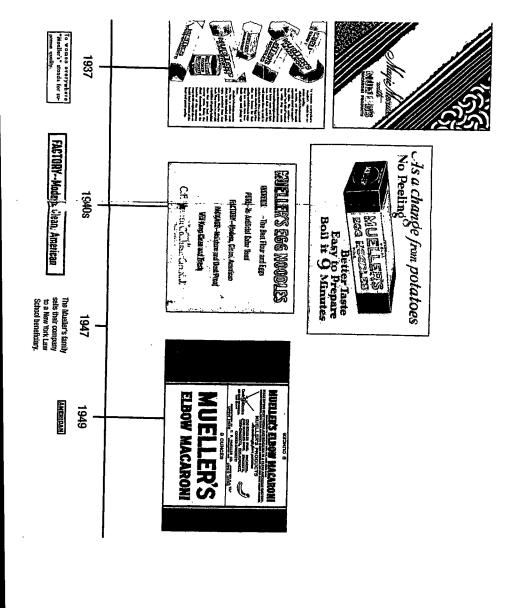


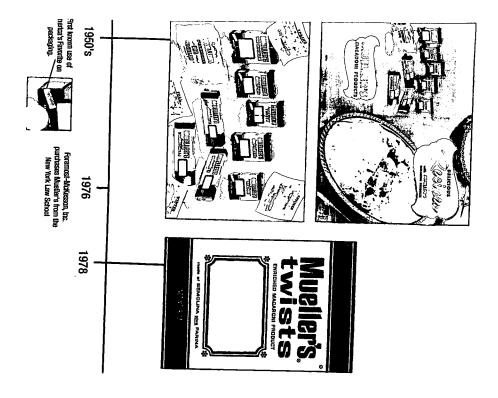


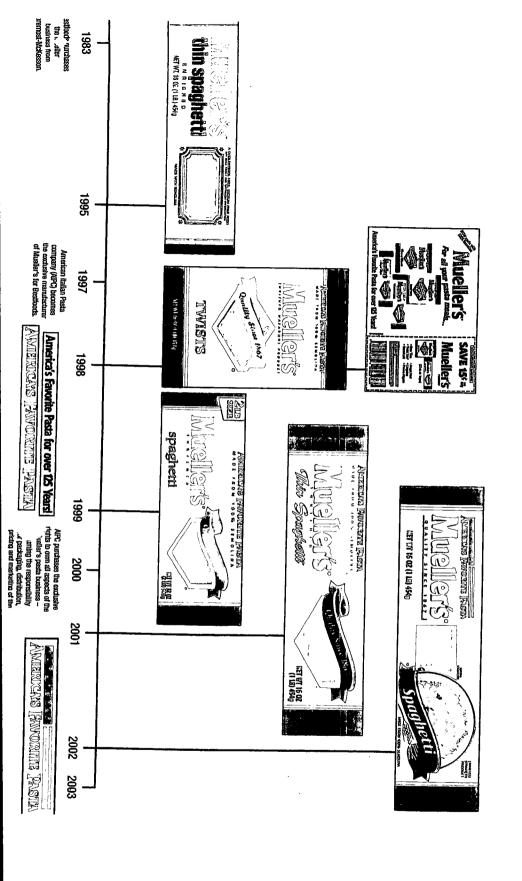


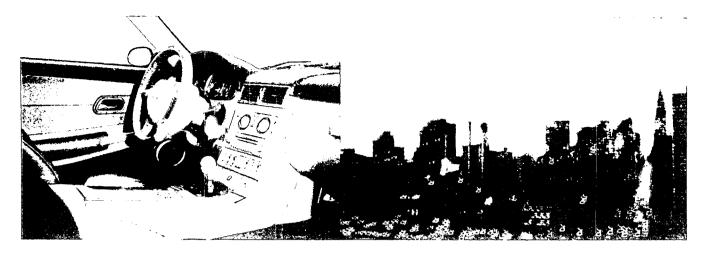
Exhibit A



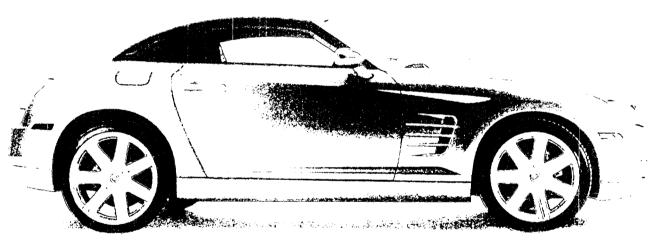




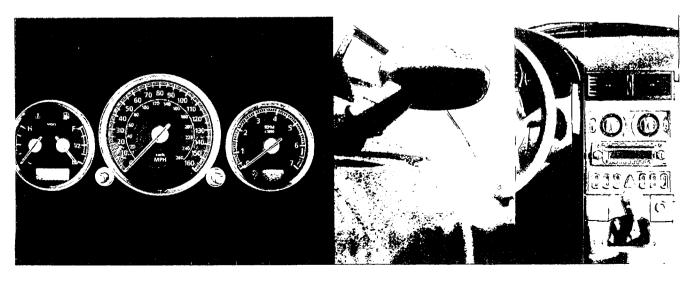




THE CHRYSLER CROSSFIRE



ARRIVING SPRING 2003



The Majestic Steakhouse-"The finest in beef, jazz and fun!"



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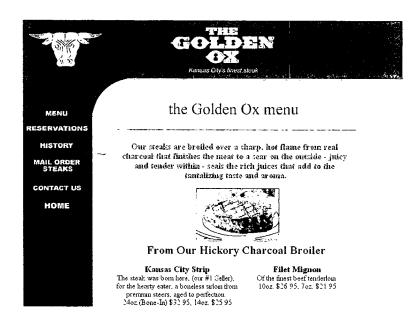
816-471-8484 (voice) 816-471-8686 (fax) majesticsteak@mindspring.com info@majesticgroup.com (e-mail)

COME JOIN IN THE FUNI

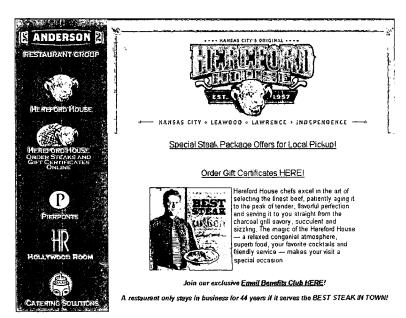
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Lested at 18th and Broadway in the Historic Fitzpatrick Saloca Building in Downtown Kansas City, The Mojestic Stoakhanse offers the bost in Beef, June and Fund The old Kitzpetric Building was originally a saloca and bordello built in 1911. During the liquor Prohibition of the 1995's, the basement was used as a Speakersy and a meeting place for many of Kansas City's business and publical leaders. The building was accurated in the mid-1 1990's to its former grandom and is listed on the National Register of Historic Fleets. Lung a wardition in Kansas (City, The new Reich Southeanse opened its current lose than 1993, reviving a tradition of Fentestic Stocks of Greet Times that was famous (or forty years at the old Mojestic et Hant 31st Consess and Unders Read

The Golden Ox-"Kansas City's Finest Steak"



The Hereford House"The Best Steak in Kansas City"



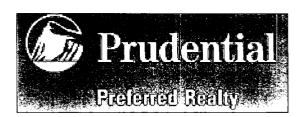








## MIDWEST EXPRESS AIRLINES The best care in the air.\*





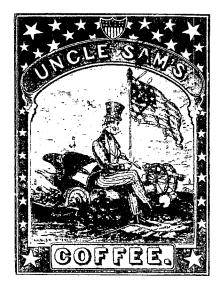


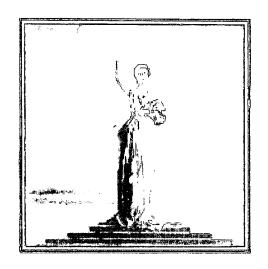


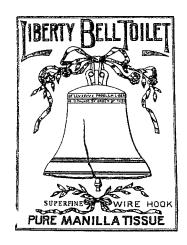


























Bank of America.

& America West Airlines

American Airlines'



16. To provide context for the evaluation of the Mueller's brand it is useful to understand the history of puffery in early advertising and good package design. Puffery is a tradition in American commerce. Since the inception of branded products manufactures have used names, slogans and symbols associated with grand ideals to boost confidence, sales and brand awareness of their products. It is both cultural and human nature that people want to buy products from companies who claim they are the best, the favorite, the biggest, the ultimate, etc. People understand intuitively the implications in names and slogans as exaggerated claims. It is part psychological and part economic that puffery is acceptable as a cultural agreement. My favorite restaurant, the best car made, etc. Our American tradition and economic model is built on that desire to improve ones life through the use of brand name products. The cosmetic market would collapse if women didn't desire to look better, all the while knowing that most of what they see and read is puffery. Only when a company is specific about measurable and factual qualities or properties of its products does a consumer expect truth, i.e. ingredient labels, nutrition facts, fabric content and made in the USA. A Chrysler ad in the New York Times, Feb 16, 03 reads, "...6 speed transmission," a measurable quality. However, it continues on "...50% American imagination, 50% German precision, 100% passion," which is puffery. See Exhibit C. Even though specific percentages of each quality are given, the consumer understands that you can't measure precision, imagination or passion, but you can measure how many speeds a transmission has. In our desire to believe Chrysler is a better car, we allow Chrysler to puff away. In Kansas City, a city famous for its steak, three different steakhouses claim the best steak in the city, but who is to say which one really is the best? See Exhibit D. Is a car bought from Superior Lexus any different than one bought from any other Lexus dealer? Is UMB really America's Strongest Bank? Other puffery examples in names and slogans: Best Western, Best Foods, Preferred Mutual Insurance Company, The Greatest Show on Earth, BMW, The Ultimate Driving Machine, Bayer, The World's Best Aspirin, Hush Puppies, The Earth's Most Comfortable Shoe, Prudential, Preferred Reality. See Exhibit E

17. At the same time in the early days of packaged goods development, when Mueller's was a new brand, it was common to adopt patriotic imagery and names that associated the product with ideas that consumers respected. Association has been used for the last 150 years to imply that one brand is better or more desirable than the competition. Manufacturers have always used associations to imbue their products with status and increase desire to purchase. Association with American symbols is one of the most long-standing traditions in branding and advertising in our country. Use of the American flag, the colors red, white and blue, and associations with American ideals is part of our cultural heritage and common agreement as both citizens and consumers. "Being American and showing patriotism is good for the country and good for commerce," we all have heard. Patriotic products reinforce our sense of belonging and purpose as a citizen of the US. Emotionally, people have always responded to products that claim to be American because they symbolize values we share as a culture. Association with famous Americans is common, and it doesn't necessarily mean they founded or support the brand, i.e. John Hancock, Dolly Madison, Washington Mutual and Franklin Mint. Other examples of companies who use a patrioric or American association to suggest a powerful or large geographic reach are First National Bank, Capitol Records, Uncle Sam's Cereal, Camel Cigarettes (American Blend), National Car Rental, American Airlines, America West Airlines, Drive the USA in Your Cheverolet, Bank of America, the New York Yankees, and Columbia Tristar Entertainment (Statue of Liberty). See Exhibit F.



#### History of the Hereford House

On October 1, 1957, Jack C. Webb began a Kansas City tradition—the Hereford House—that endures to this day. Located close to stockyards that processed the finest corn-fed beef from Missoun, Kansas, lowa, and Nebraska, the Hereford House popularity was natural in a city considered the major beef capital of the Midwest. "Locals" from as far away as Sedalia traveled to dine on America's finest steaks. Dinner at the Hereford House was on the itineranes of Kansas City visitors.

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Searched the web for america's <u>favorite</u>.

Results 1 - 10 of about 707,000. Search took 0.05 second

### <u>Landover Baptist: Where The Worthwhile Worship. Unsaved Unwelcome ...</u> A Handful of Bush Supporters Take To the Streets in Support of the President

The national counter-protest was organized by FreeRepublic Com Read More> ...

Description: "The Largest, most powerful assembly of worthwhile Christians to ever exist." Unsaved Not Welcomel

Category: <u>Society > Peligion and Spirituality > ... > Christianity > Parodies</u>

www.landoverbaptist.org/ - 42k - Cached - Similar pages

#### America's Favorite Golf Schools: Golf School Vacations

America's Favorite Golf Schools, 2, 3 and 5 day Golf School Vacations, ... America's

Favorite Golf Schools 1295 SE Port St. Lucie Blvd. ...

Description: Offers two, three, and five day golf vacation getaways at over 40 locations worldwide.

Outagory: <u>Books > Golf > Instruction > Golf Schools</u>

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#### QUILT - America's Favorite Quilting Magazine

Win \$250! Your quilt could be on the cover of our next issue!!! Enter our on-going Cover Contest! Meet the editor! Jean Ann Wright, Dear Quilters......

Description: By Harris Publications.

Category, <u>Arts's Crafts's Cullting's Publications</u>

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#### Click Here for Directions to our Corporate Offices

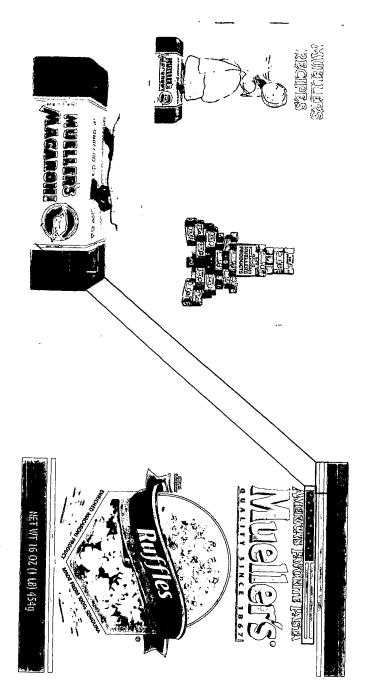
Click Here for Directions to our Corporate Offices.

Description: Brands include Oreo Cookies and Planters Peanuts. Fun stuff, information, and on-line shopping for...

Category: <u>Business a Food and Related Products a Rigady Foolis</u>

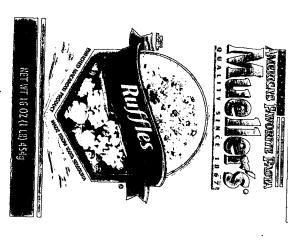
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# Packaging Comparison, 1914 to the present



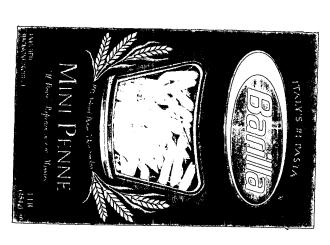
Mueller's is an American brand, with remarkably consistant packaging dating back to 1914.

Red white and blue package
 American Flag on package -"The Flag Brand"
 American rather than Italian pasta names and r

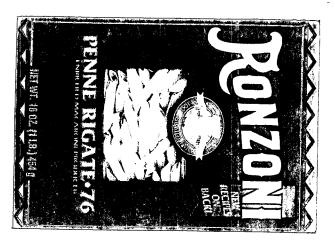


Dominant use of red, white, and blue Stars and stripes shows it is a flag brand American description for pasta name Distinctly American recipes on box.

Mostly white package



Use of green, white and red represents the Italian flag Claims it is Italy's #1 pasta Italian description for pasta name Multi-lingual packaging Mostly blue package



Triangle pattern and type treatment is more Old World Style Italian description for pasta name Mostly brie package Distinctly Italian recipes on box

Ex. 97

## IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE BEFORE THE TRADEMARK TRIAL AND APPEAL BOARD

AMERICAN ITALIAN PASTA COMPANY	)
Opposer,	)
, V.	) Opposition No. 91161373
••	) Mark: BARILLA - AMERICA'S ) FAVORITE PASTA
BARILLA G.E.R Fratelli S.P.A.	) Application No. 78/136,703
Registrant.	) Published: March 23, 2004

#### **DECLARATION OF ANN WILLOUGBHY**

#### I, Ann Willoughby, declare:

- 1. I made a Report of Ann Willoughby on February 21, 2003 and a copy of that Report with the attachments is appended to this Declaration as Exhibit A. I hereby adopt Exhibit A as a part of this declaration submitted in the above-captioned proceedings. My background and experience are substantially detailed in paragraphs 1 through 7 of that report, updated as set forth in the Biography attached as Exhibit B, and I remain the President and CEO of Willoughby Design Group.
- I have been asked by American Italian Pasta Company to provide this Declaration
  in support of its Opposition to Barilla's Motion for Summary Judgment in order to
  introduce Exhibit A and to provide further amplification of the statements made
  therein.
- 3. In addition to the work mentioned in my report, I have also reviewed a sample of a recently revised Mueller's pasta box, of which a photo is appended as Exhibit B. In adopting my prior Report appended as Exhibit A, I want to further address in

American Italian Pasta Company v. Barilla Alimentare S.P.A Opposition No. 91161373 Opposer's Exhibit 97

- particular two of the conclusions and observations in paragraph 22 of my report.
- 4. First, It remains my opinion that "AIPC's use of the term "America's Favorite Pasta" on Mueller's packaging is puffery and has no impact on the purchasing decision of the consumer other than brand recognition." This said, I believe that consumers of food products in general and pasta in particular can regard a term or phrase as puffery and still associate and identify that term or phrase as a branding statement. either alone or in connection with a mark. For example, a well-known phrase in the areeting card field would be "When you care enough to send the very best." That statement is in large part puffery, suggesting to the consumer that one greeting card (in this case, Hallmark), has the "very best" cards. Nonetheless, while the consumer may give little weight to the factuality of the phrase, recognizing it as mere puffery. the consumer also draws a connection between that phrase and Hallmark, and regards it as proprietary. Midwest air – the best care in the air, UMB, America's Strongest Banks, BMW - the ultimate driving machine. Other examples of phrases which may be puffery but serve a branding function include the use of "The Best Care in the Air" by Midwest Airlines, "America's Strongest Banks" by UMB, and "The Ultimate Driving Machine" by BMW, as well as others mentioned in paragraph 20 of my report. It is my opinion that the presentation of the phrase "America's Favorite Pasta" on the Mueller's packaging (which is again evolving since my report but still retains the phrase "America's Favorite Pasta" on the front of the package), while not influencing the consumer in regard to a factual determination about the product, does associate it with the Mueller's name and that phrase does, in fact, serve as a brand identifier.

5. In the last bullet point of paragraph 22 of my report attached as Exhibit A, I also reached the conclusion that "(a)II of these trade dress features, including the phrase 'America's Favorite Pasta,' serve as a trademark function and help consumers recognize the Mueller's brand." This reflects that a number of constituent elements may serve, either individually or collectively, to provide a brand identity. The consumer seeing the Mueller's packaging on the supermarket shelf may draw upon the different elements to identify the brand. I am of the opinion that like the Mueller's name and the red, white and blue packaging, the phrase "America's Favorite Pasta" performs a trademark function for American Italian Pasta Company.

The fact that the phrase is puffery does not diminish its connection to the Mueller's

The undersigned, Ann Willoughby, declares that all statements made herein are true; that all statements made herein of his own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and believe are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the document.

ANN WILLOUGHBY

Date: <u>Mar. 6, 2006</u>

brand.

American Italian Pasta Company v. New World Pasta Company

REPORT OF ANN WILLOUGHBY February 21, 2003



- 1. I am a brand designer and the owner and founder of Willoughby Design Group. My firm specializes in brand and communications design for corporate, institutional and retail manufacturers of branded and packaged goods. I have over 30 years experience as a professional designer and brand consultant. I have authored an article entitled "the Design Capital of America," which appeared in Ingram's Magazine November 2002 edition. A copy is attached.
- 2. I have been retained by Hovey Williams, LLP on behalf of American Italian Pasta Company to review the written submissions to the court, including the complaint, the answer and counterclaim, the motions and responses, and the exhibits thereto, the dried pasta sections of markets, including displays of the Mueller's dry pasta products, the use of advertising slogans on packaging for consumer products or advertising of such slogans, any other materials necessary to conduct a study, and preparation of a report setting forth my finding and opinions in the case of AIPC v. New World Pasta now pending in the United States District Court for the Western District of Missouri, Western Division.
- 3. I am currently President and CEO of Willoughby Design Group located in Kansas City, Missouri. We have a staff of 18. We provide strategic services and brand identity design, positioning, naming, and design for brand communications, environments, packaged goods and services. Our clients include Hallmark Cards, Lee Jeans, Interstate Brands Corporation (Wonder Bread, Butternut, Hostess and Dolly Madison), The Kauffman Foundation, Playtex and Best Choice.
- 4. Willoughby Design Group has developed packaging and brand identity design for Max Factor, Oil of Olay, Camay, Weight Watchers, Pampers, Hills Science Diet, and Black and Decker, among others.
- 5. I provide advice to companies on brand and trademark issues and occasionally I have consulted with law firms on issues involving brand, trademark and trade dress.
- 6. In June 1994, I testified as an expert witness in the field of brand design on behalf of Luzier in the case of Bath & Body Works, Inc. and Baths, Inc. v. Luzier Personalized Cosmetics in the United States District Court for the Southern District of Ohio.
- 7. In addition to the clients that Willoughby Design Group serves, I am active on two National Design Boards. As a board member of AIGA (American Institute of Graphic Arts) I am responsible to 17,000 design professionals and students in design schools by providing guidance on ethics, business practices and advice on design issues. The AIGA board helps set design policy for our members and is the leading advocate for design thinking and education in the US. I am currently working on developing new standards for judging the AIGA 365 design competition on Brand Strategy and Brand Design Systems (this includes packaging). The AIGA 365 competition is the premier graphic design competition in the US. I am a judge in this year's show for Comprehensive Brand Strategies and Corporate Communications Design. I was also a judge for the 2002 competition and the 1999 competition. I am helping develop a pilot program for Executive Design Leadership at Harvard in August 2003.

I am a founding member of the AIGA Center for Brand Experience, a national organization that has over 300 US members from many disciplines that promote dialogue on the impact of brands and modern culture on global society. We are considered to be one of the leading sources of brand thinking in the United States. See also extended bio information attached.

- 8. My compensation for my work in this matter is at the rate of \$350 per hour, my associate's rate is \$ 150 per hour.
- 9. In conducting my investigation in this case, I have reviewed the complaint, counterclaim, motions, responses on summary judgments and the attached exhibits, the Wind study, and other documents produced by AIPC.
- 10. I reviewed a variety of products marketed to the public.
- 11. I have visited grocery chains in the Washington DC area, Easton, Maryland, Kansas City, and the commissary in Leavenworth, Kansas. I purchased and reviewed the packaging of pasta products manufactured by AIPC, New World Pasta and Barilla, plus a few other imported Italian brands. See Exhibit A.
- 12. I have reviewed literature, promotions, advertising, and packaging developed by Mueller over the past 100 years. I have reviewed the websites of the parties involved. See time line Exhibit B.
- 13. I have reviewed articles such as that recently appearing in the Wall Street Journal and researched on the internet and in trade books to document examples of puffery as an American tradition in brand names and slogans used in commerce over the past century. See exhibits C-G.
- 14. As a practicing design strategist, I have extensive experience in consumer-packaged goods sold in grocery, drug and retail chains. I am qualified to comment on brand development and proprietary components of trade dress such as symbols, colors, logos, words, packaging and package forms (proprietary shapes as with the Coke bottle). I also understand how these elements work together on a package and as a shelf set to create brand equity for the manufacturer. My company has developed and managed major brands of packaged goods for years. For example, we have developed extensive consumer research materials in an effort to help Wonder Bread, Butternut, Hostess and Dolly Madison brand managers understand consumer's perception of the equity or value in elements of their trade dress. We test names and trademark elements, like the heart icon on Hostess. We look at trade dress colors and patterns like the blue checkerboard pattern on Butternut or the dot pattern on Wonder Bread. As we "evolve" the brand and packaging design it is critical to have feedback and permission from the consumer to change even the smallest detail because any disconnect with the consumer whether it be color, words or icons can impact sales if consumers are confused about the brand.
- 15. It is my opinion that Mueller's use of the words "America's Favorite Pasta" is pure puffery. I will provide examples and historical insight that shows consumers not only know the difference between puffery and fact, but also embrace puffery as a shared cultural and emotional tradition of commerce.

16. To provide context for the evaluation of the Mueller's brand it is useful to understand the history of puffery in early advertising and good package design. Puffery is a tradition in American commerce. Since the inception of branded products manufactures have used names, slogans and symbols associated with grand ideals to boost confidence, sales and brand awareness of their products. It is both cultural and human nature that people want to buy products from companies who claim they are the best, the favorite, the biggest, the ultimate, etc. People understand intuitively the implications in names and slogans as exaggerated claims. It is part psychological and part economic that puffery is acceptable as a cultural agreement. My favorite restaurant, the best car made, etc. Our American tradition and economic model is built on that desire to improve ones life through the use of brand name products. The cosmetic market would collapse if women didn't desire to look better, all the while knowing that most of what they see and read is puffery. Only when a company is specific about measurable and factual qualities or properties of its products does a consumer expect truth, i.e. ingredient labels, nutrition facts, fabric content and made in the USA. A Chrysler ad in the New York Times, Feb 16, 03 reads, "...6 speed transmission," a measurable quality. However, it continues on "...50% American imagination, 50% German precision, 100% passion," which is puffery. See Exhibit C. Even though specific percentages of each quality are given, the consumer understands that you can't measure precision, imagination or passion, but you can measure how many speeds a transmission has. In our desire to believe Chrysler is a better car, we allow Chrysler to puff away. In Kansas City, a city famous for its steak, three different steakhouses claim the best steak in the city, but who is to say which one really is the best? See Exhibit D. Is a car bought from Superior Lexus any different than one bought from any other Lexus dealer? Is UMB really America's Strongest Bank? Other puffery examples in names and slogans: Best Western, Best Foods, Preferred Mutual Insurance Company, The Greatest Show on Earth, BMW, The Ultimate Driving Machine, Bayer, The World's Best Aspirin, Hush Puppies, The Earth's Most Comfortable Shoe, Prudential, Preferred Reality. See Exhibit E

17. At the same time in the early days of packaged goods development, when Mueller's was a new brand, it was common to adopt patriotic imagery and names that associated the product with ideas that consumers respected. Association has been used for the last 150 years to imply that one brand is better or more desirable than the competition. Manufacturers have always used associations to imbue their products with status and increase desire to purchase. Association with American symbols is one of the most long-standing traditions in branding and advertising in our country. Use of the American flag, the colors red, white and blue, and associations with American ideals is part of our cultural heritage and common agreement as both citizens and consumers. "Being American and showing patriotism is good for the country and good for commerce," we all have heard. Patriotic products reinforce our sense of belonging and purpose as a citizen of the US. Emotionally, people have always responded to products that claim to be American because they symbolize values we share as a culture. Association with famous Americans is common, and it doesn't necessarily mean they founded or support the brand, i.e. John Hancock, Dolly Madison, Washington Mutual and Franklin Mint. Other examples of companies who use a patriotic or American association to suggest a powerful or large geographic reach are First National Bank, Capitol Records, Uncle Sam's Cereal, Camel Cigarettes (American Blend), National Car Rental, American Airlines, America West Airlines, Drive the USA in Your Cheverolet, Bank of America, the New York Yankees, and Columbia Tristar Entertainment (Statue of Liberty). See Exhibit F.

- 18. The phrase, "America's Favorite" is an expression that has been used since the founding of our country to express patriotic ideals. A Google search turned up 647,000 uses of this phrase (see exhibit G) and most of these are pure puffery, i.e. "America's Favorite Son." The most important point I wish to make is that the phrase "America's Favorite" has multiple meanings. The phrase has no inherent specific subjective meaning or factual (objective) meaning. Only when a company links a specific claim directly to the words "America's Favorite" does the phrase acquire a specific meaning to the consumer, i.e. America's Favorite Mustard (is #1 in US sales.) A product can be #1 in sales or market share, but the phrase "America's Favorite" does not imply either a subjective or factual meaning until the manufacturer indicates why the product is America's favorite. In the case of Mueller's the consumer can "Taste why Mueller's is America's favorite pasta." This phrase is completely subjective and is considered puffery by consumers. In my experience if communicating the fact that the product is #1 in sales is important, companies will state a specific claim.
- 19. The Mueller's brand has evolved over a long period and the trade dress elements of the brand identity that are part of the trademark were first used starting in the early 1900's and thus have equity with consumers. The first use of the phrase "America's Favorite" on the Mueller's packaging was in the mid-fifties.
- 20. Mueller's brand identity (image) and trade dress was established over the past 100 years. Over the decades, consumers and generations of families have purchased the Mueller's brand based on their family experience and recognition of the product through advertising, promotions and packaging. Of these three forms of brand communication, product packaging is the most critical in terms of providing consistent visual and verbal clues and signals so that consumers can locate the product in self-service grocery chains. Notice how beer, Coke, Campbell's Soup and most packaged good products change in very small steps over the years. Even when commercials change the core products, package design and trade dress features remain consistent on TV and in the store. Coke is associated with red, Wonder Bread owns dots, BMW owns the "Ultimate Driving Machine," Hush Puppy owns "The World's Most Comfortable Shoe," Chevy owns "Like a Rock". Manufactures literally own these trade dress elements because consumers associate these visual and verbal words and graphics with the brands they buy.
- 21. It was the early positioning of Mueller's as an American brand, expressed in packaging through the white package with patriotic colors and symbols, that established the brand heritage that would help Mueller's build a lasting consumer bond as a trusted brand.

Advertising, pasta shapes (with American names like elbow, noodles, shells, twist, along with American recipes reinforced the association of Mueller's with American pride, home cooking in war time and peace throughout the 20<sup>th</sup> century.

Note in Exhibit B, Mueller's packaging from 1914 (the first sample found). The packaging design has remained true to their core brand trade dress although the fonts and images have been updated. Today's packaging still has dominant blue ends with a small red stripe and a white field where the brand name and brand elements are used. From 1914 until 2003 the Mueller's name is consistently red. The first use (that we have) of the flag as a trademark is in 1914. In fact, people referred to Mueller's as the flag brand during the early 1900s. Today the flag is used in a more modern form as part of the trade

dress and brand identity as a more symbol icon (stars and stripes) than a descriptive

22. In conclusion, these are my observations:

•The phrase "America's Favorite Pasta" has multiple meanings that are subjective as used by Mueller's.

• The word "favorite" is subjective and has hundreds of meanings.

Mueller doesn't use the statement "America's Favorite Pasta" in conjuncture with one of the possible measurable meanings of favorice, i.e. number one in sales, market share etc.

• The only reference to the meaning of "America's Favorite Pasta" on the packaging is "caste" which is also a subjective term.

AIPC's use of the term "America's Favorite Pasta" on Mueller's packaging is puffery and has no impact on the purchasing decision of the consumer other than brand recognition. •Mueller's has used the phrase "America's Favorite" beginning in the 1950's on either packaging or in promotions.

• The phrase "America's Favorite Pasta," the colors, logo, patriotic symbols and American associations (as distinct from Italian, see Exhibit I) are all part of Mueller's long brand heritage and are familiar to generations of American families.

•Mueller's brand heritage is expressed in these trade dress features, evolved over 100 years with cultural and commercial acceptance.

•All of these trade dress features, including the phrase "America's Favorite Pasta," serve as a trademark function and help consumers recognize the Mueller's brand.

#### Ann Willoughby

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I am a brand designer and the owner and founder of Willoughby Design Group. My firm specializes in brand and communications design for corporate, institutional and retail manufacturers of branded and packaged goods.

I am currently President and CEO of Willoughby Design Group located in Kansas City, Missouri. We have a staff of 18. We provide strategic services and brand identity design, positioning, naming, and design for brand communications, environments, packaged goods and services. Our clients include Hallmark Cards, Lee Jeans, Interstate Brands Corporation (Wonder Bread, Butternut, Hostess and Dolly Madison), Kauffman Foundation, Playtex and Best Choice.

Willoughby Design Group has developed packaging and brand identity design for Max Factor, Oil of Olay, Camay, Weight Watchers, Pampers, Hills Science Diet, Black and Decker, among others.

Professional Associations
AIGA National Board of Directors
AIGA National Board for Center for Brand Experience
AIGA Kansas City Chapter Advisory Board
HOW Magazine Editorial Board
Kansas City Ad Club member

Civic Boards Kansas City Zoo Board De La Salle Board

My company, Willoughby Design Group, has received a number of national and regional awards for brand identity design including:

- a. 2002 How Magazine Self-Promotion Annual
- b. 2002 Prism Award
- c. 2001 Omni's American Advertising Awards (Ad Club of Kansas City) Best of Show
  - 6 Gold Awards
  - 5 Silver Awards
  - 3 Bronze Awards

- d. 2001 How Magazine International Design Annual 1 Merit Award
- e. 2001 How Magazine Self Promotion Competition 4 Awards
- f. 2000/2001 AAF 9th District ADDY Competition
   6 ADDY Awards
   4 Citations of Excellence
- g. 2001 Graphic Design:usa American Graphic Design Award
- h. 2001-Graphis Letterhead 5 1 Award
- i. 2001 National Mature Media Awards
   2 Awards
- j. 1999/2000 AAF 9th District ADDY Competition2 Citations of Excellence
- k. 2000 Omni's American Advertising Awards (Ad Club of Kansas City)
  4 Gold Awards
  8 Silver Awards
  7 Bronze Awards
- 2000 PRINT's Regional Design Annual
   Awards
- m. 1999 Omni's American Advertising Awards (Ad Club of Kansas City)
  4 Gold Awards
  5 Silver Awards
  9 Bronze Awards
- n. 1998 Omni's American Advertising Awards (Ad Club of Kansas City) 2 Gold Awards
- o. 1996 Omni's American Advertising Awards (Ad Club of Kansas City)
   7 Gold Awards
- p. 1992 and 1990 Kansas City art Director's Show
   1 Gold Award each year
- q. 1989 Kansas City Art Director's Show1 Silver Award
- r. 1988 University and College Designers Association 1 Award

- s. 1988 Omni's American Advertising Awards (Ad Club of Kansas City) 1 Gold Award
  - 3 Silver Awards
- t. 1988 Kansas City Art Directors Show 1 Silver Award
- u. Print Magazine's Regional Design Annual3 Awards
- v. 1987 Communication Arts Design Annual 1 Award
- w. 1987 Omni's American Advertising Awards (Ad Club of Kansas City)
  1 Gold Award
  2 Silver Awards
- x. 1987 Kansas City Art Director's Show 6 Gold Awards
- y. 1987 New York Art Director's Show 1 Award
- z. 1987 Print Magazine's Regional Design Annual 3 Awards
- aa. 1986 Kansas City Art Director's Show2 Gold Awards1 Silver Award
- bb. 1986 Omni's American Advertising Awards (Ad Club of Kansas City)
  1 Gold Award
  5 Silver Awards
- cc. 1986 Print Magazine's Regional Design Annual 2 Awards

#### Teaching Experience

I have taught at the University of Kansas and the Kansas City Art Institute. As a visiting professor at KU I was instrumental in building a pilot program that helped graduating seniors and business create successful hiring models.

#### **Expert Testimony**

In June 1994, I testified as an expert witness in the field of brand design on behalf of Luzier in the case of Bath & Body Works, Inc. and Baths, Inc. v. Luzier Personalized Cosmetics in the United States District Court for the Southern District of Ohio.

## sales&marketing

# THE DESIGN CAPITAL OF AMERICA It's Well Within Our Reach



Ingram's October cover headline, "Building a Greater Kansas City, The Architectural/Design Capital of America," caught my attention. I love the sound of "The design capital of America" as in "I am from Kansas City, you know, the design capital." But is it possible? Or even desirable?

I think it is not only possible for Kansas City to be one of the leading design centers in the world, it is one of the best opportunities for KC to succeed as an economic leader in coming decades. Please allow me to explain and perhaps paint a somewhat optimistic, but entirely plausible, picture of how this scenario might unfold.

Richard Florida, author of The Rise of the Creative Class, says, "Human creativity—the ability to generate and implement new ideas—is the key to economic growth." If this is true, and I believe it is, Kansas City should

One way to realize this vision

of growth is to invite and

support the next generation

of KC business. Be a mentor.

welcome talented young designers, scientists, engineers, architects, researchers, artists and writers with open arms. We should support and nurture the creative communities that already exist.

Back in the 1970s, I started my design business in the newly developed Westport Square. It was a moment when almost every

business in Westport was run by a young entrepreneur. Westport was a cluster of creative people who fed off of each other's enthusiasm, ideas and mutual support. And everyone wanted to be near what was then Kansas City's creative epicenter. However, an important ingredient in Westport's early success was the corporate and civic investment, both economic and social.

So what will it take for Kansas City to become a creative design center in this decade when the bottom line is often the most immediate factor in determining our investment strategies?

Perhaps we need a better understanding of the valuelink between the creative factor and Kansas City's future economic, social and cultural health.

The creative factor is about investing in people and the creative environment that nurtures them. No one could have predicted that Joyce Hall would have started a social

expression empire or that Ewing Kauffman would build a multi-billion dollar pharmaceutical company.

We became the engineering hub in the early twentieth century because bright young engineers like Clinton Burns and Robert McDonnell, E.B. Black and Tom Veatch were on the leading edge of solving the technical and geographic transportation problems of their day. They built bridges, clean water and sewage facilities, tunnels, highways, airports, power plants: the physical infrastructure for our young country.

Because of this legacy, our engineering firms design the most famous stadiums in the world today.

Because of Joyce Hall's legacy to design, Hallmark is still able to recruit top design talent out of the best design schools and pay them competitive national wages.

The ability of a city to attract the best creative minds

and knowledge-based workers ultimately helps business and fosters entrepreneurs (think Hallmark, Cerner, Sprint, Marion Labs, Black & Veatch). As companies move from tangible, physical assets as their primary sources of wealth to intellectual capital, these young minds will create new wealth in patents, brands and

processes that will drive growth and value in the future.

One way to realize this vision of growth is to invite and support the next generation of KC business. Be a mentor. Share your passion and expertise. Help nurture ideas and show enthusiasm for fledgling efforts. By being responsive and open to creative new ideas, the arts, science and technology, you are surely contributing to a stronger (and more interesting) Kansas City business community.

And, to the possibility that we all can proudly say we are from "the design capital of the United States."

Ann Willoughby is Founder and President of Kansas City-based Willoughby Design Group founded in 1978. She is on the AIGA National Board of Directors and the steering committee of AIGA Brand Experience. You can reach her at ann@willoughbydesign.com or at 816-561-4189.

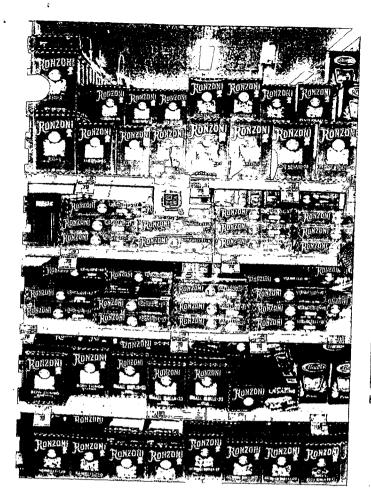
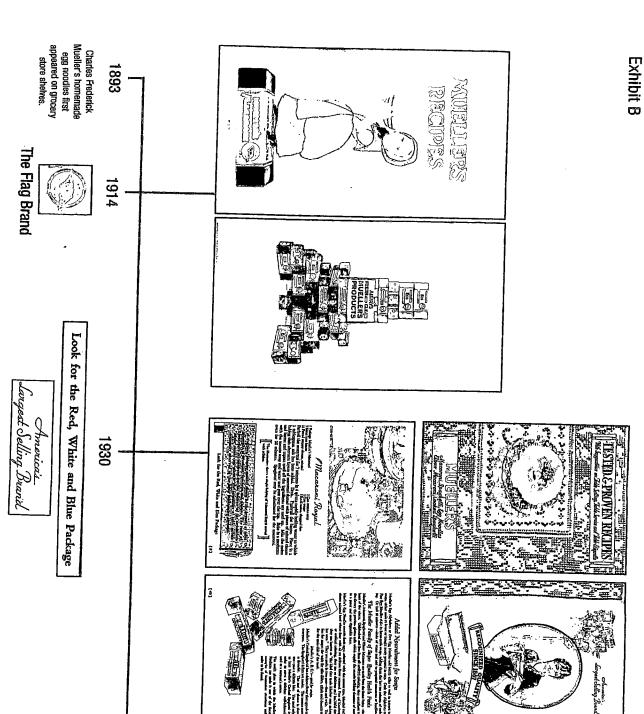


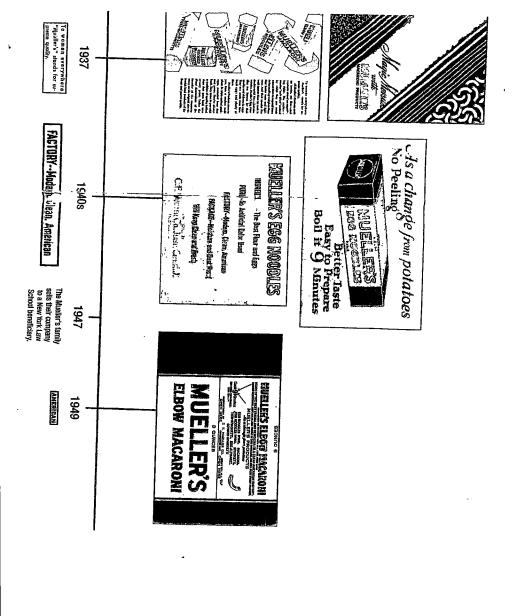


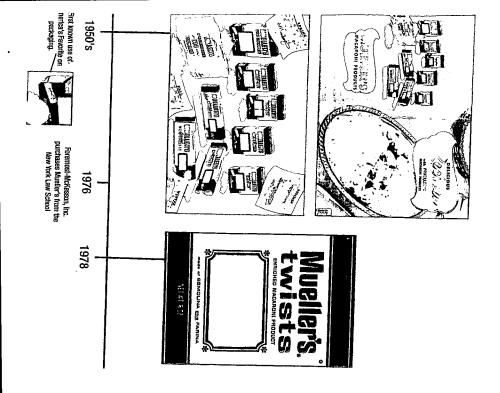


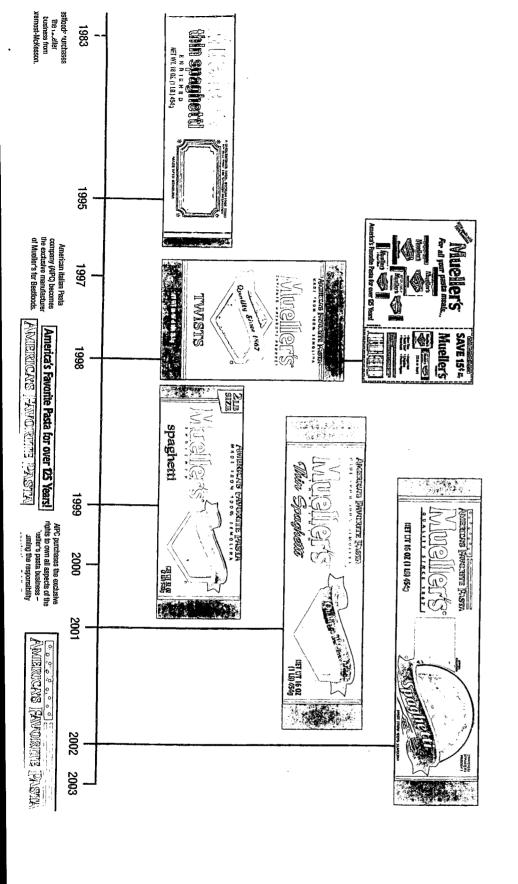


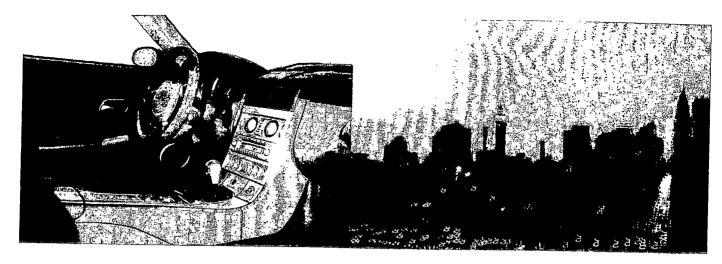
Exhibit A











#### THE CHRYSLER CROSSFIRE

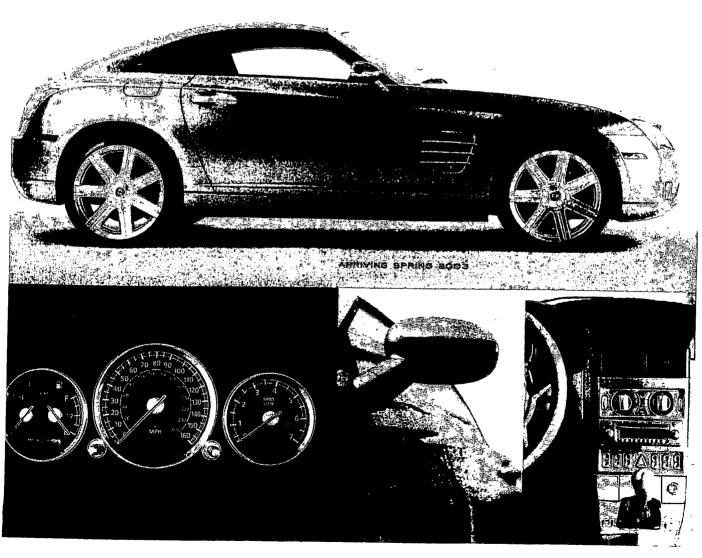
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FOR SEPERM MAKUL: TREUENIES DE

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The Majestic Steakhouse-"The finest in beef, jazz and fun!"



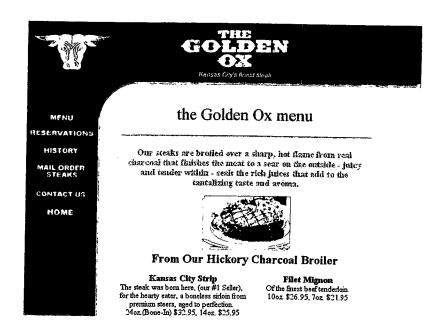
931 BROADWAY KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI 64105-1508

816-471-8484 (voice) 816-471-8686 (fax) majesticsteak@mindspring.com info@majesticgroup.com (e-mail)

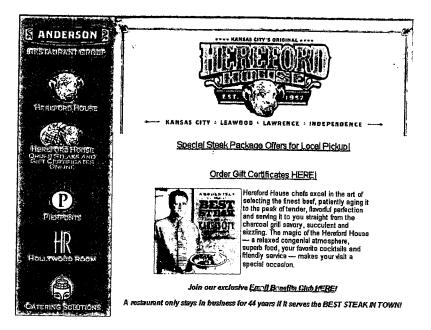
COME JOIN IN THE FIRM

Located at 10th and Roudway in the Historic Physpetick Salaen Redding in Descripton Kaneau City, The Majertic Ste akhanas affers the best in Beef, Jozza and Faul The ded Friparts Building was engignably a salaen and bard-file build in 1911. During the Figure Probletion of the 1930's, the basement was found as a Speakersy and a neeting place for many of Konnes City's burdness and publical leading. The Ording was converted in the entil 1960's to the Conness grades as it is that so me be National Register of Historic Practs. Long a pradition in Konnes City, The new Majoric Strukheurs operation turned bestimm in March 1993, reviving a tradition of Featweit Struke and Green England the Amount for feet years at the old Majertic at 2 set 32th.

The Golden Ox"Kansas City's Finest Steak"



The Hereford House"The Best Steak in Kansas City"





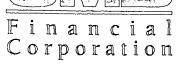




# MIDWEST EXPRESS AIRLINES The best care in the air.

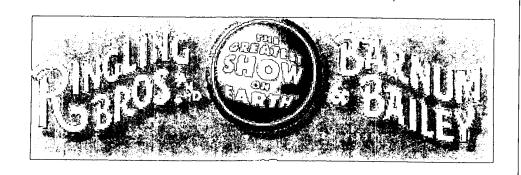








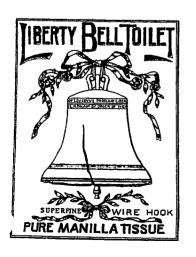












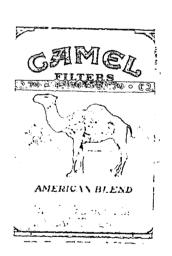






Mobil







Bankof America.

& American/Airlines".

American/Airlines





#### History of the Hereford House

On October 1, 1957, Jack C. Webb began a Kansas City tradition—the Hereford House—that endures to this day. Located close to stockyards that processed the linest corn-fed beef from Missouri, Kansas, lowa, and Nebraska, the Hereford House popularity was natural in a city considered the major beef capital of the Midwest. "Locals" from as far away as Sadials traveled to dine on America's finest steaks. Dinner at the Hereford House was on the itineraries of

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Searched the web for america's favorite

Results 1 - 10 of about 707,000. Search took 0.06 second

#### Landover Baptist: Where The Worthwhile Worship. Unsaved Unwelcome ...

A Handful of Bush Supporters Take To the Streets In Support of the President

The national counter-protest was organized by FreeRepublic Com Read More> ...

Description: "The Largest, most powerful assembly of worthwhile Christians to ever exist." Unsaved Not Welcome!

Category: Society > Religion and Spirituality > ... > Christianity > Parodies

www.landoverbaptist.org/ - 42k - Cached - Similar pages

America's Favorite Golf Schools: Golf School Vacations

America's Favorite Golf Schools. 2, 3 and 5 day Golf School Vacations. ... America's

Favorite Golf Schools 1295 SE Port St. Lucie Blvd. ...

Description: Offers two, three, and five day golf vacation getaways at over 40 locations worldwide.

Category: Sports > Golf > Instruction > Golf Schools

ww.afgs.com/ - 28k - Cached - Similar pages

QUILT - America's Favorite Quilting Magazine

Win \$250! Your quilt could be on the cover of our next issue!!! Enter our on-going Cover Contest! Meet the editor! Jean Ann Wright. Dear Quilters,. ...

Description: By Harris Publications.

Category: Arts > Crafts > Quilting > Publications www.quiltmag.com/ - 17k - Cached - Similar pages

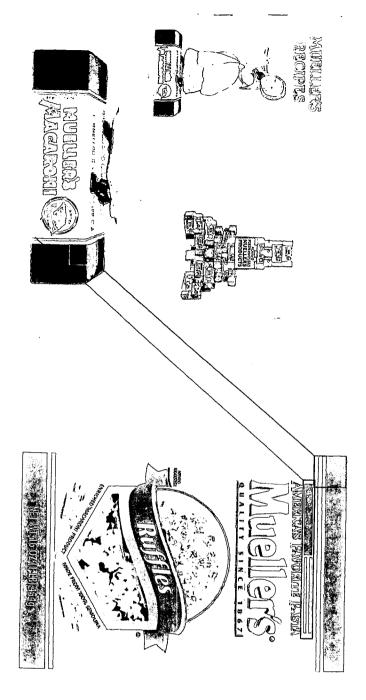
<u>Click Here for Directions to our Corporate Offices</u> Click Here for Directions to our Corporate Offices.

Description: Brands include Oreo Cookies and Planters Peanuts. Fun stuff, information, and on-line shopping for...

Category: Business > Food and Related Products > Snack Foods

www.nabisco.com/ - 7k - Cached - Similar pages

# Packaging Comparison, 1914 to the present



Mueller's is an American brand, with remarkably consistant packaging dating back to 1914.

Red white and blue package
 American Flag on package -"The Flag Brand"
 American rather than Italian pasta names and references



Dominant use of red, white, and blue Stars and stripes shows it is a flag brand American description for pasta name Distinctly American recipes on box.

Mostly white package







Triangle pattern and type treatment is more Old World Style Italian desorphion for pasta name Mostly blue package Distinctly Italian recipes on box

#### WILLDUGHBY DESIGN GROUP

BIOGRAPHY

NAME	Ann Willoughby
TITLE	Founder/President



Ann Willoughby is the President and Creative Director of Willoughby

Design Group, a brand innovation and identity design firm she founded in
1978. Willoughby Design has developed brand identity systems for groundbreaking retail start-ups including Three Dog Bakery, Einstein Bros Bagels,
Noodles, SPIN! and Kevin Carroll. Other retail clients include Buckle, Lee
Company, Hallmark, Interstate Brands Corporation, Playtex and Nestle.

Each year more and more companies turn to Ann and her collaborative team of 18 to help them create innovative products, communications and brand experiences that that bring heightened beauty, emotion, simplicity and meaning to new generations.

Willoughby's holistic approach to design and business is reflected in the company's unique studio environment — a collaborative space where designers work alongside entrepreneurs, strategists, writers and specialists to innovate. The Willoughby studio, complete with a meditation room and off-site Design Barn retreat helps attract and retain top creative talent and brings blue chip clients to Kansas City.

Ann is a former National Board Director for AIGA, the professional asso-

ciation for design. Ann serves on the National Board for AIGA Center for Brand Experience and is a member of the Editorial Board of HOW magazine. She was co-chair of the 2004 AIGA Business & Design Conference in New York.

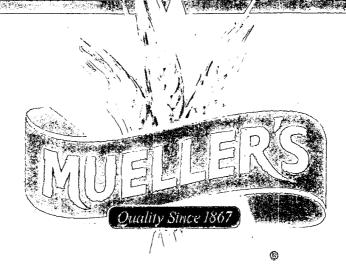
Ann attended the pilot AIGA design leadership program at Harvard Business School and in 2005 the Aspen Design Summit. Ann is a frequent design judge and in 2005 served as judge for Communication Arts Design Annual 2005, the Dallas Society of Visual Communication, Hawaii's 5-0 Design Competition and the 11th Y Design Conference in San Diego.

The Willoughby team currated and designed "The Best of Brochure Design" for Rockport Publishers, Inc. as well as the Dictionary of Brand from A-Z for the AIGA Center for Brand Experience.

Willoughby Design Group has won awards from Print, Communication Arts, Graphis, and AIGA and has been published for over 25 years in national and international competitions and books. In 2005 Rockport selected Willoughby Design Group as one of the best Design Firms in US. Also in 2005 the firm was awarded a HOW Perfect TEN award for Kevin Carrol's identity and book, "Rules of the Red Rubber Ball."

Ann has taught design at the University of Kansas and at the Kansas City Art Institute. As a Visiting Professor at K.U., she was instrumental in building a pilot program that helped graduating seniors and businesses create successful engagement models. Teaching and Community outreach to women and children remain two of Ann's passions as she works with many organizations through her firm and the Willoughby Design Barn.

NEW LOOK! SAME GREAT TASTE



America's Favorite Pasta

# Sea Shells



ENRICHED MACARONI PRODUCT

MADE WITH NORTH AMERICAN GROWN DURUM WHEAT

NET WT 16 OZ (1 LB) 454 g

**EXHIBIT** 

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#### A GOOD CARB

Did you know that pasta is really a GOOD CARB?

PASTA has only a moderate effect on blood glucose levels, unlike other starches such as white bread, rice and potatoes, which means PASTA is not as readily converted into sugar.

PASTA is low on the Glycemic Index (GI) – and low GI Foods are digested more slowly, stay in the digestive system longer and help to naturally satisfy hunger! So, eating a delicious meal that includes PASTA can truly be one of your more healthful alternatives.

For more information about the Glycomic Index, Visit www.glycemic.com

#### GENERAL GLYCEMIC INDEX OF COMMON FOODS

PASTA
Kidney Beans

LOW: 0-66 GI

Granola Bar
Rye Bread

MEDIUM: 65-70 GI

Baked Potate White Rice

**HIGH:** 70 + G1

Eat Lower GI foods as a more healthful alternative!

### ZZZZONIA POJARIO CO ZALENCONO

- 1. BOIL water (4 quarts per 16 os of pasta).
- 2. ADD salt to taste (optional).
- 3. ADD pasta. Wait for reboil.
- 4. COOK uncovered, stirring occasionally, 11 to 12 minutes or until desired tenderness.
- 5. REMOVE from heat and drain.
  THP- If preparing a pasta salad,
  rinse with cold water after draining.



## Sea Shells Con Broccoli

#### PREP TIME: 10 MIN COOK TIME: 10 MIN SERVES: 4

16 oz Mueller's® Sea Shells

4 cups fresh broccoli florets, uncooked

1/4 cup extra virgin olive oil

4 cloves garlic, minced or 1 tsp garlic powder

1 tsp dried basil

1/2 thep dried resemany

1/4 oup sun dried tomatoes, chopped fine

1/4 cup white wine (optional)

1 cup chicken or vegetable broth

cup Parmesan choose Salt and pepper to taste  Cook Sea Shells according to package directions, adding broccoli the last 2 minutes of cooking time.

o Drain, cover and set acide.

 Heat olive oil in a large skillet; add garlic, basil, resemary and sun dried tomatees.

· Cook I minute.

· Add wine and reduce by 1/2. Add broth.

 Toss in broccoli and shells; stir until heated through

 Add cheese and season to tuste with exit and pepper.



MAKES A MEAL

VISIT MAKESAMEAL.COM FOR OTHER DELICIOUS RECIPES

## Nutrition Facts Serving Size 3/4 cup (56g) dry Servings Per Container 8

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INGREDIENTS: DURUM SEMOLINA, NIACIN, FERROUS SULFATE (IRON), THIAMING MONONITRATE, RIBOFLAVIN, FOLIC ACID. COTTAINS WHEAT INEREDIENTS

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